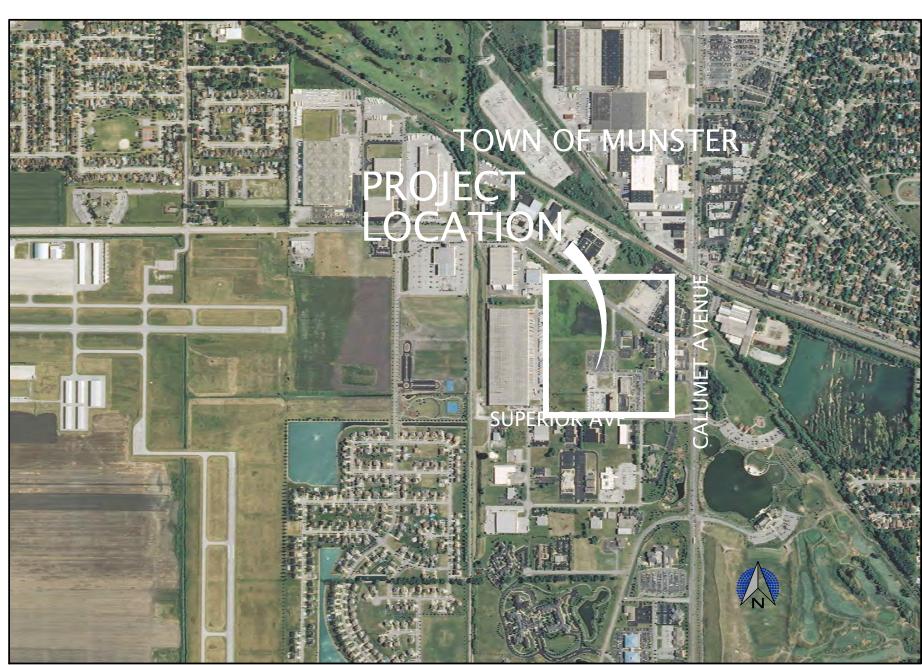
FRANCISCAN HEALTH MUNSTER HOSPITAL ADDITION - SITE DEVELOPMENT

701 SUPERIOR AVE, MUNSTER, IN 46321

ISSUED FOR SITE REVIEW - 09/21/2023



Location Map (No Scale)

BENCHMARK

BENCHMARK #4
CUT "X" ON CURB - EAST OF CURRENT HELIPAD
ELEVATION = 615.05 (NAVD88)

BENCHMARK #2
CUT "X" ON CURB - EXISTING SOUTH PARKING LOT, NEAR UTILITY YARD
ELEVATION = 613.96 (NAVD88)

BENCHMARK #12 CUT "X" ON CURB - SOUTH CURB OF SUPERIOR AVENUE ELEVATION = 614.13 (NAVD88)

BENCHMARK #1
CUT "X" ON CURB - SOUTH PARKING LOT OF ADDRESS: 720 45TH AVE MUNSTER, IN 46321
ELEVATION = 614.83 (NAVD88)

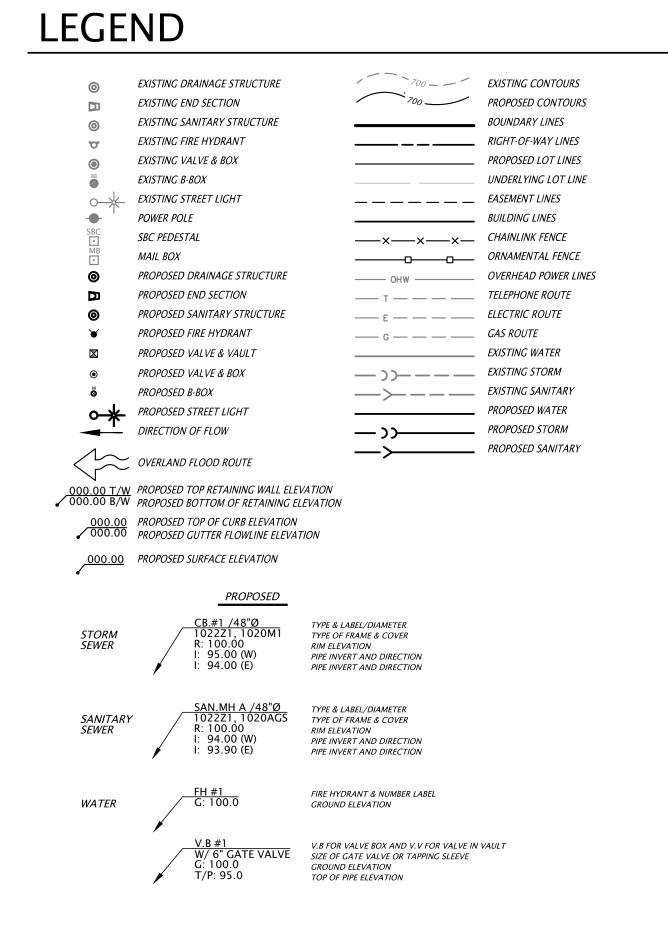
BENCHMARK #6
CUT "X" ON WALK - NORTHEAST CORNER OF SUPERIOR AVE & CALUMET AVE.
ELEVATION = 617.83 (NAVD88)

INDEX OF SHEETS

C001	Cover Sheet
C101	Existing Conditions
C102	Demolition Plan BP3-South
C103	Demolition Plan BP3-North
C104	Site Plan BP3-South
C105	Site Plan BP3-North
C106	Grading Plan BP3-South
C107	Grading Plan BP3-North
C108	Utility Plan BP3-South
C109	Utility Plan BP3-North
C110	Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) BP3
C201-C204	Construction Details
C301-C304	SWPPP Details



www.Indiana811.org



PROJECT CONTACTS

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WATER UTILITY TOWN OF MUNSTER WATER DEPARTMENT 1005 RIDGE ROAD	SANITARY SEWER UTILITY TOWN OF MUNSTER SEWER DEPARTMENT
MUNSTER, IN 46321 (219) 836-6970 ELECTRIC & GAS UTILITY	1005 RIDGE ROAD MUNSTER, IN 46321 (219) 836-6970
NIPSCO 801 E. 86th AVENUE MERRILLVILLE, IN 46410 (800) 464-7726	CABLE UTILITY COMCAST 16 W. 84th DRIVE MERRILLVILLE, IN 46410
DEVELOPER Tonn & Blank 1623 Greenwood Avenue Michigan City, IN 46360 Tim Lentz (219) 878-6238	(219) 738-2780 TELECOM UTILITY AT&T 5858 N. COLLEGE AVENUE INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46220 (317) 252-4007



FRANCISCAN HEALTH
MUNSTER HOSPITAL
ADDITION

FRANCISCAN HEALTH
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Key Plan

Professional

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ISSUE FOR SITE REVIEW 2023-09-22

Project No: 22.03029.00

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COVER SHEET

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MUNSTER HOSPITAL
ADDITION
701 Superior Ave, Munster, IN 46321

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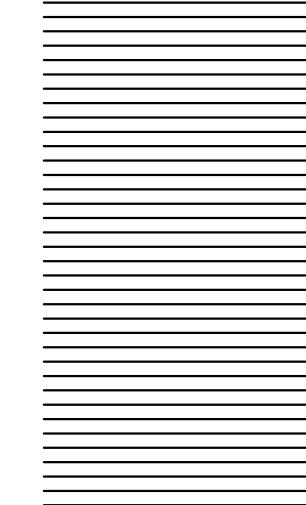
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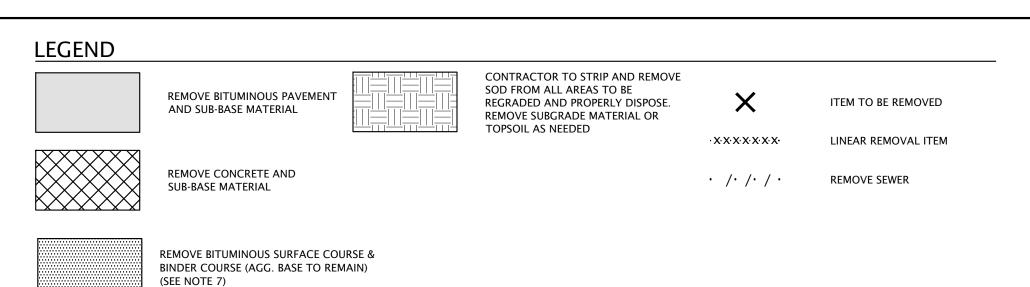
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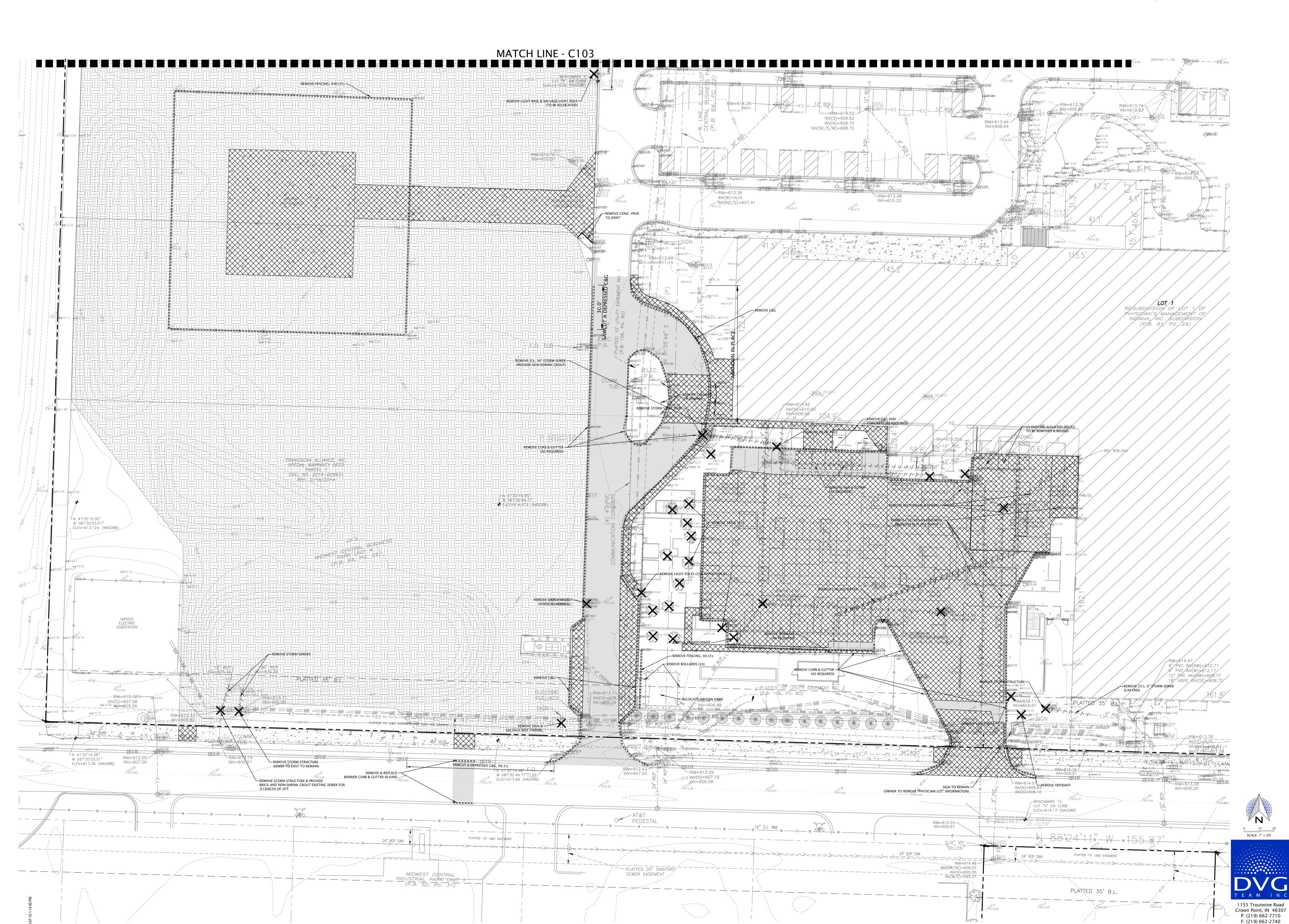
Project No: 22.03029.00
Sheet Title

EXISTING CONDITIONS



NOTES

- 1. NO DEMOLITION SHALL TAKE PLACE UNTIL ALL PERMITS HAVE BEEN ACQUIRED. 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD-VERIFY SITE CONDITIONS AND INFORMATION ON DRAWINGS. PROMPTLY REPORT ANY CONCEALED CONDITIONS, MISTAKES, DISCREPANCIES, OR DEVIATIONS FROM THE INFORMATION SHOWN IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. THE OWNER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES OR EXTRA WORK REQUIRED TO CORRECT UNREPORTED DISCREPANCIES.
- 3. "REMOVAL" MEANS REMOVAL OF AN ITEM ABOVE GRADE AND REMOVAL OF ALL ELEMENTS BELOW GRADE INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, FOOTINGS, WIRINGS, AND PIPING THAT ARE IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO ITEM
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SAW CUT PAVEMENT FULL DEPTH AT LIMITS OF ASPHALT REMOVAL. 5. FOR ALL CONCRETE REMOVAL, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE CONCRETE TO NEAREST JOINT, UNLESS
- NOTED OTHERWISE. 6. EXISTING MATERIALS TO REMAIN AROUND THE CONSTRUCTION AREA SHALL NOT BE DAMAGED DURING
- CONSTRUCTION. IF ANY DAMAGE IS MADE, THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO REPAIR OR RESTORE TO THE ORIGINAL CONDITION AT CONTRACTOR'S OWN EXPENSE.
- 7. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE BITUMINOUS SURFACE COURSE & BINDERCOURSE. SUB-BASE TO BE USED FOR NEW PAVEMENT LAYER. NEW AGGREGATE TO BE ADDED TO MEET PROPOSED GRADES. NEW AND OLD AGGREGATE SHALL BE COMPACTED TO MEET COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.

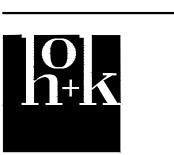




FRANCISCAN HEALTH MUNSTER HOSPITAL ADDITION 701 Superior Ave, Munster, IN 46321

FRANCISCAN HEALTH

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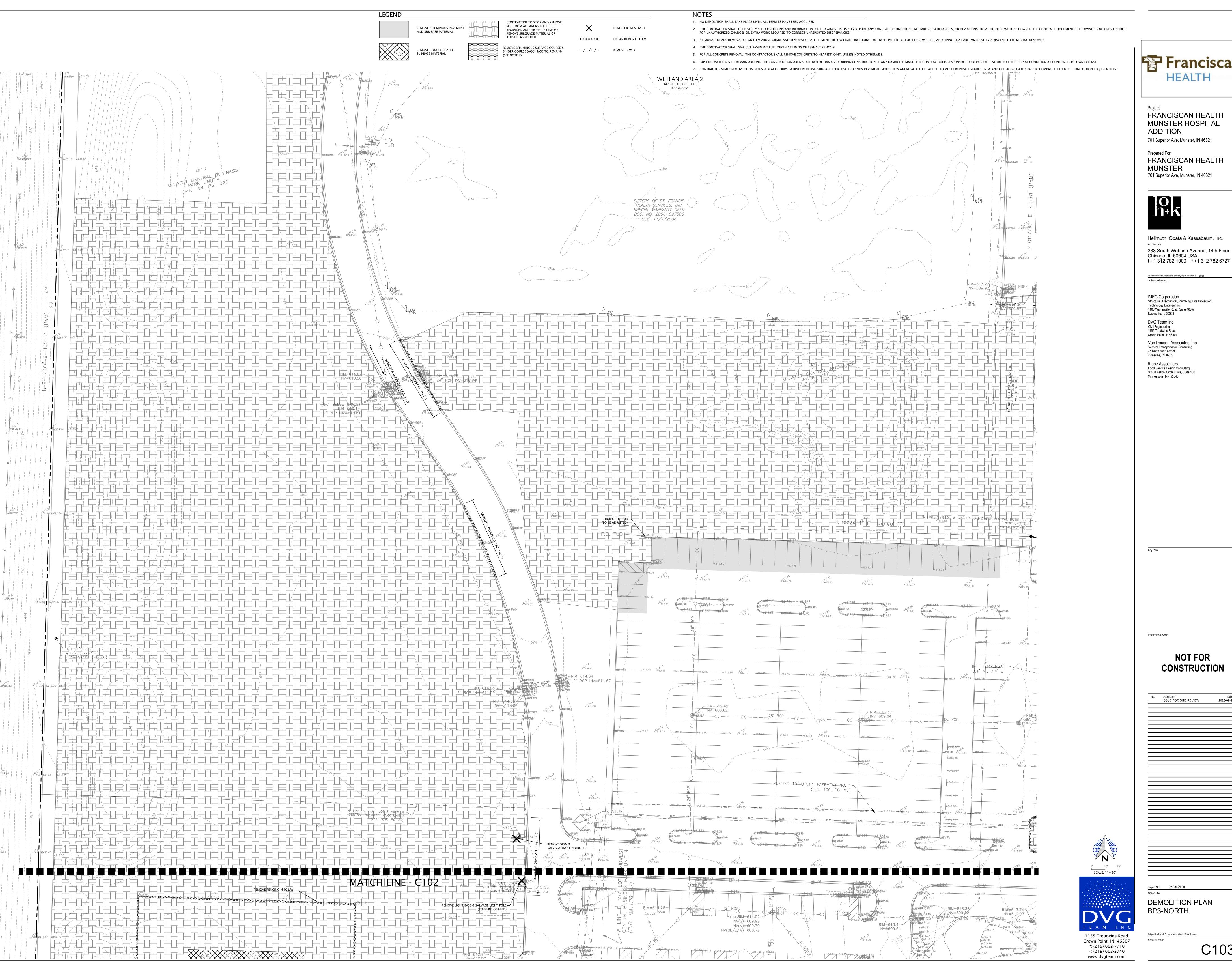
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DEMOLITION PLAN **BP3-SOUTH**

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DEMOLITION PLAN BP3-NORTH

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Sheet Number

STRIPING (PAINT, 4" WIDE) 1. DIMENSIONING SHALL BE TO FACE OF CURB; RADII SHALL BE BACK OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. **EXPANSION JOINT** ZONING: 4" (MIN) TOPSOIL & SEEDING/LANDSCAPING
: (SEE LANDSCAPE PLAN) CONCRETE SIDEWALK ASPHALT PAVEMENT BARRIER CURB & GUTTER TOOLED CONSTRUCTION JOINT CONCRETE PAVEMENT EAST MOB VERTICAL EXPANSION: 66,579 SQ. FT.± (3 FLOORS) BUILDING AREA: HOSPITAL ADDITION: 168,994 SQ. FT.± (5 FLOORS) PARKING PROVIDED: 536 SPACES PROVIDED 18.0' MEET EX. SIDEWALK (TO JOINT) (TO REMAIN)

(TO REMAIN)

(TO REMAIN)

(TO REMAIN) —BARRIER CURB & GUTTER (TYP) BARRIER CURB & GUTTER (TYP) — LOT/1 RESUBDWISION OF LOT 1/OF MATCH LINE - C105 BARRIER CURB & GUTTER (TYP) — CHAINLINK FENCING — CONCRETE PAVEMENT — −END SIDEWALK & BEGIN CONCRETE PAVEMENT ^LN 41°32'15.95" W 087°30′53.51" ELEV=613.12± (NAVD88) PROPOSED CUP F/F: 615.00 NIPSCO ELECTRIC SUBSTATION BEGIN CHAINLINK FENCING BRICK & LOUVRE FENCING ^LN 41°32'14.38" W 087°30'53.51" ELEV=613.36 (NAVD88) SAWCUT DEPRESSED C&d, A9.4'#32'14.38" ELEV=613.66 (NAVD88) BARRIER C&G, 84.0'± (MEET EX.) BARRIER CURB & GUTTER — / CUT "X" ON CURB [/] ELEV=614.13 (NAVD88) 0' 10' 2' SCALE: 1" = 20' LOT 6 LOT 5 LOT 3 1155 Troutwine Road Crown Point, IN 46307 LOT 2 P: (219) 662-7710

LEGEND

SITE DATA



NOTES

MIDWEST CENTRAI

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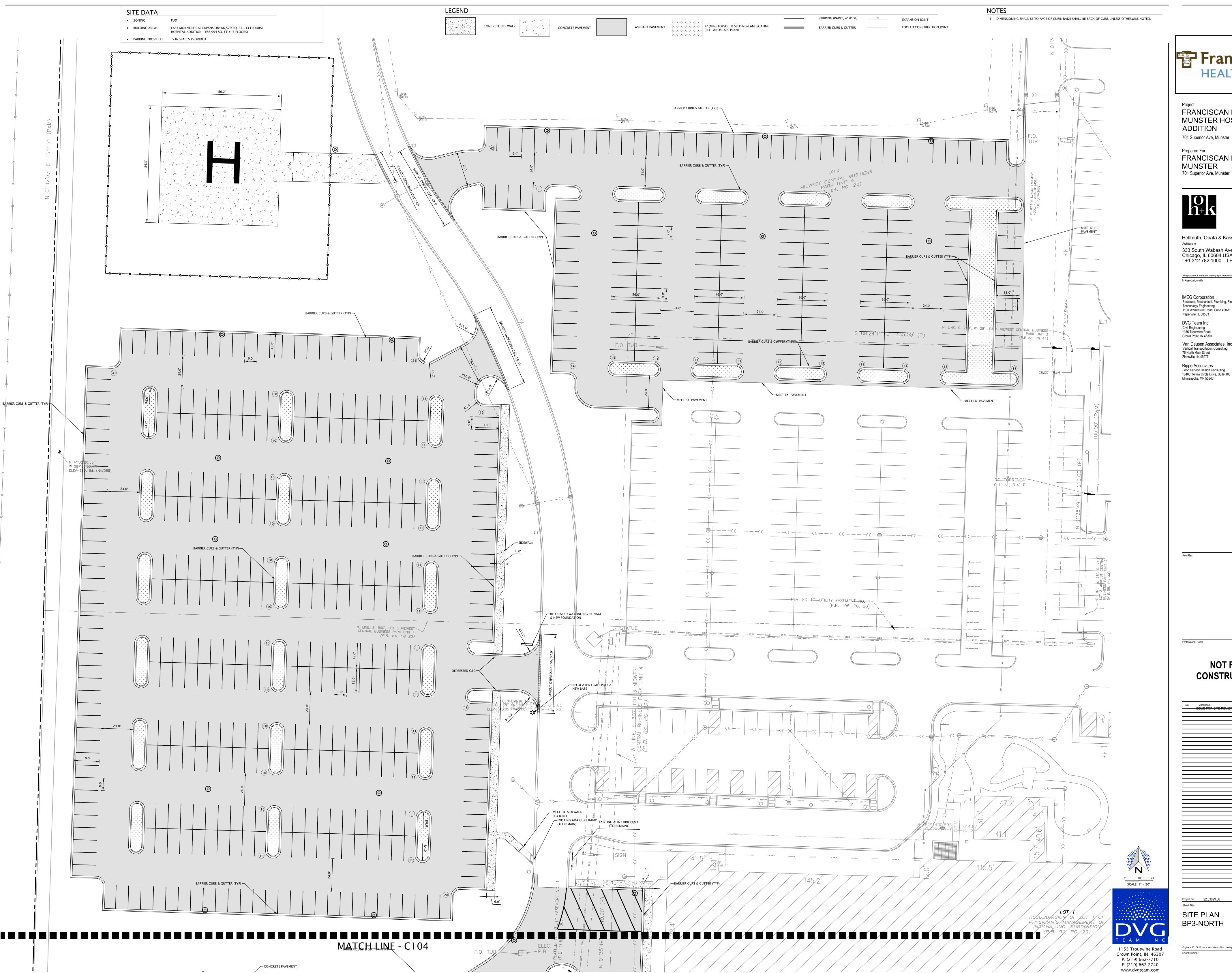
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SITE PLAN

BP3-SOUTH

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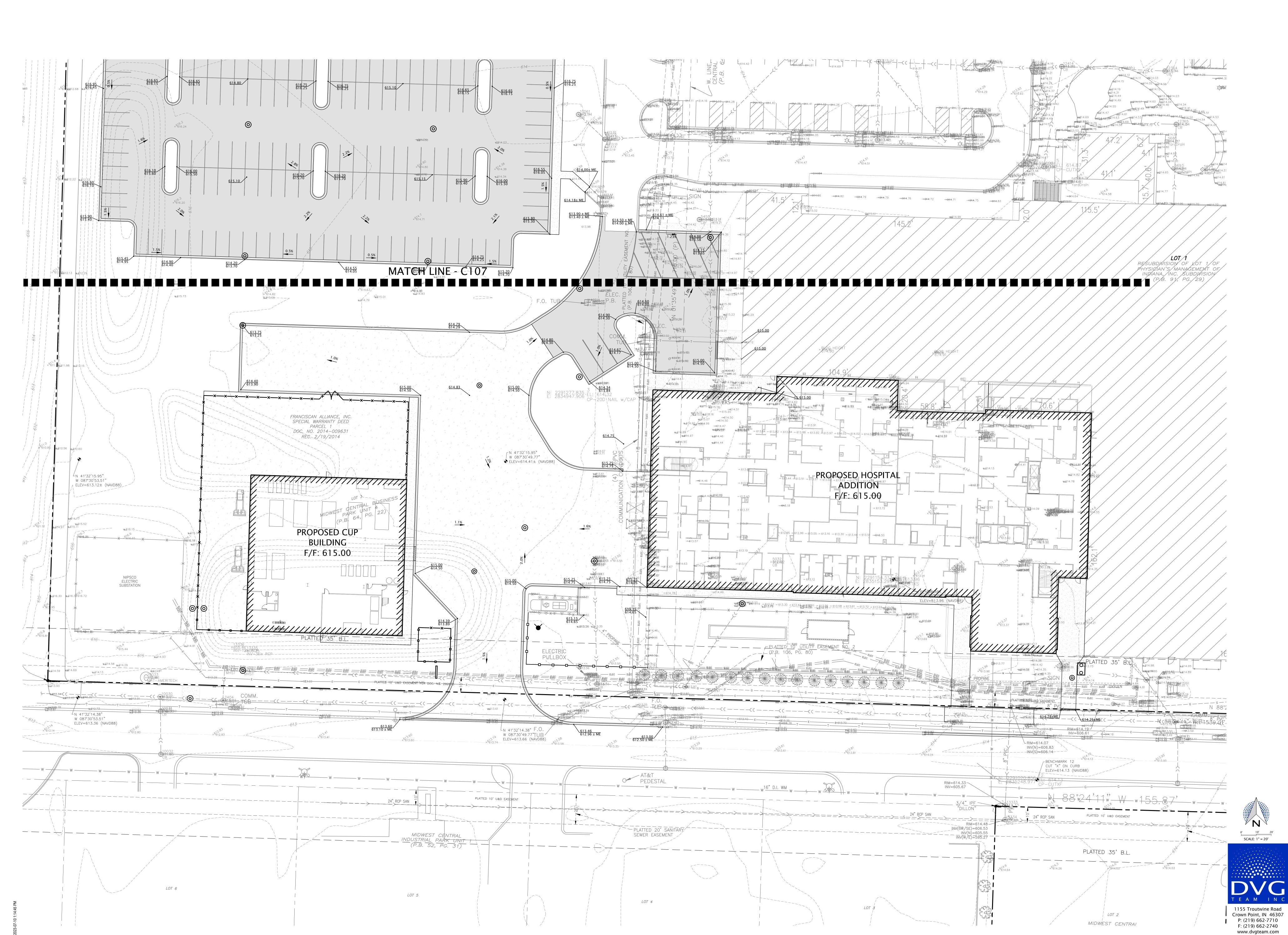
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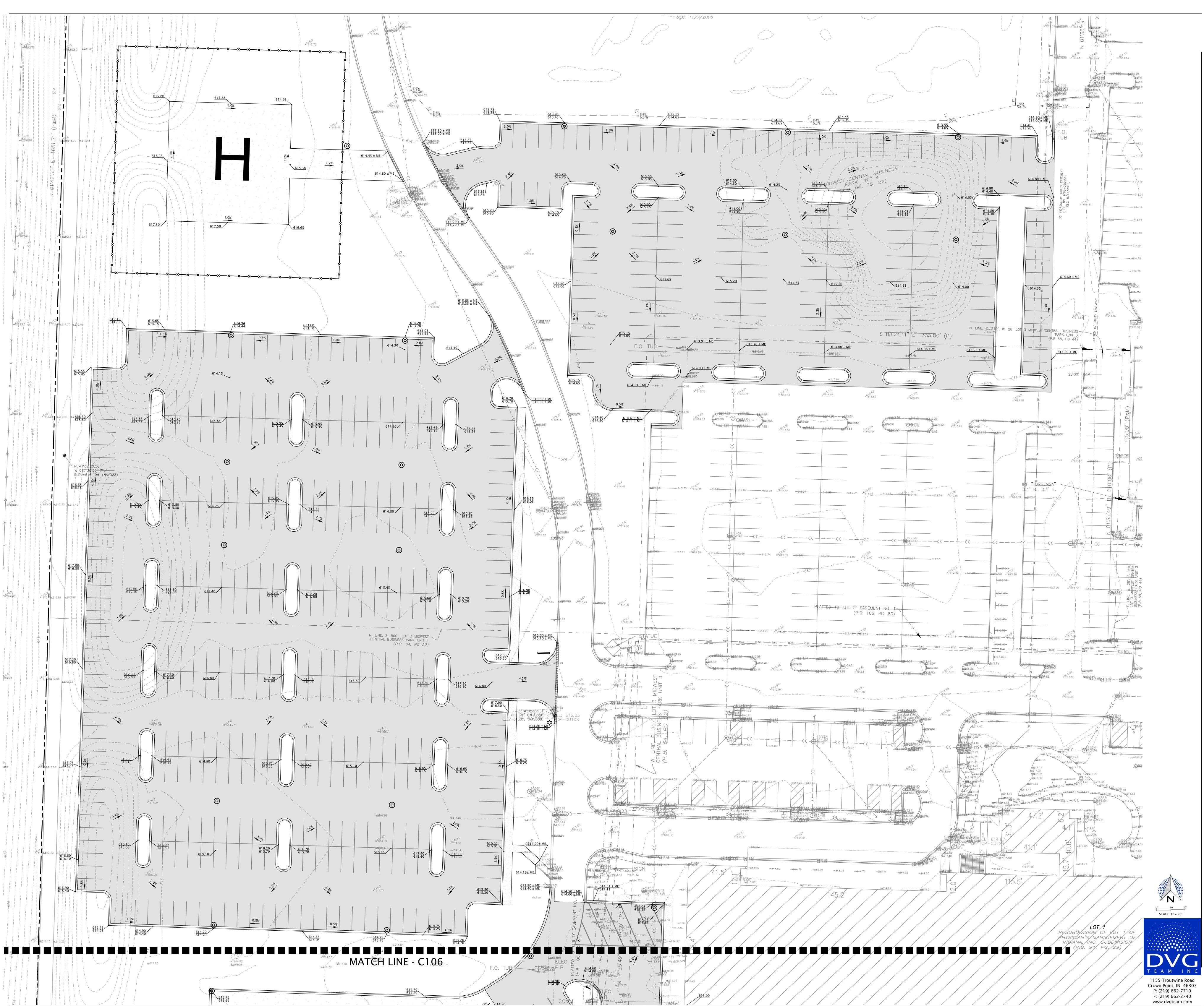
Key Plan

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Sheet Title

GRADING PLAN
BP3-SOUTH

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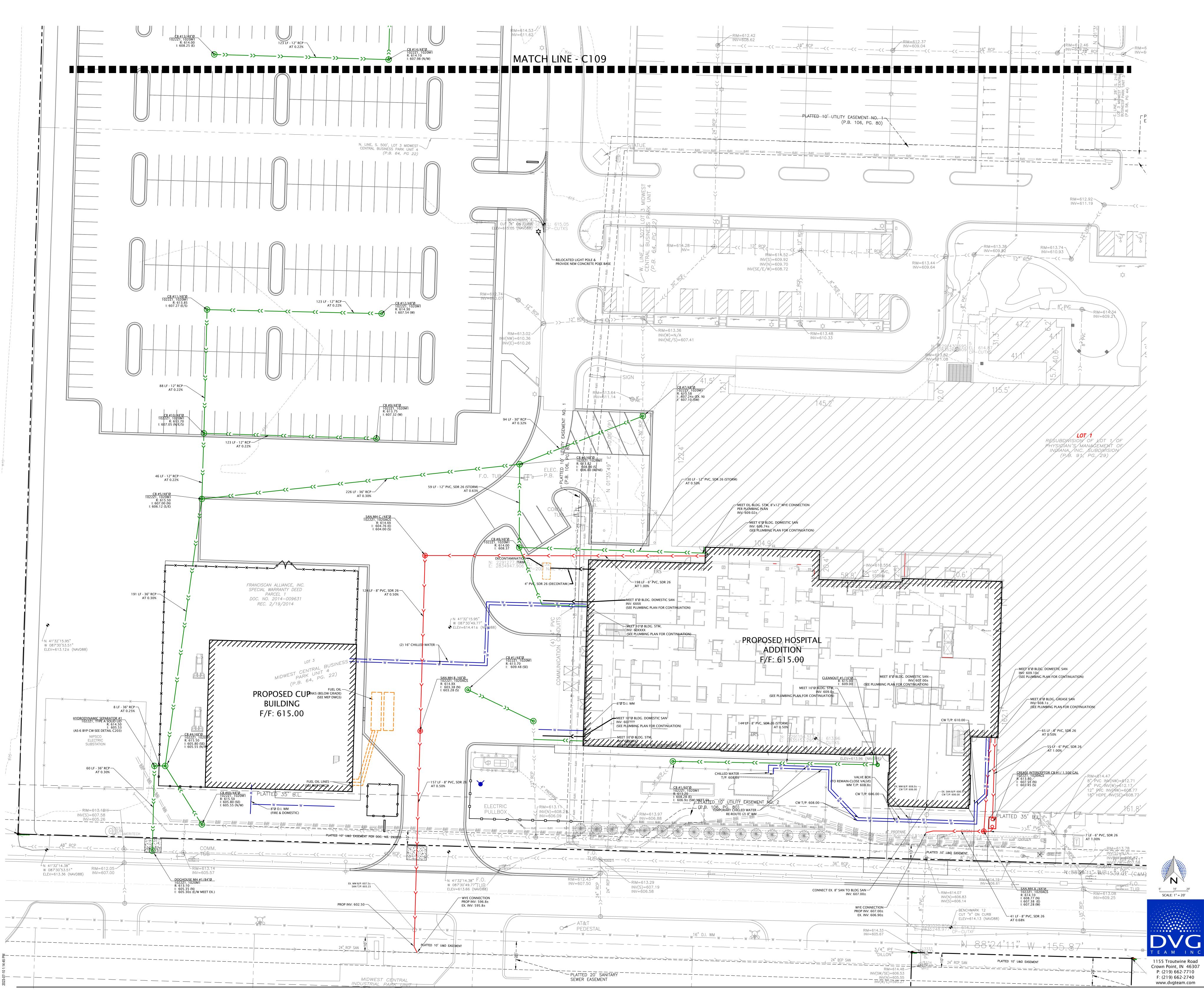
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GRADING PLAN BP3-NORTH

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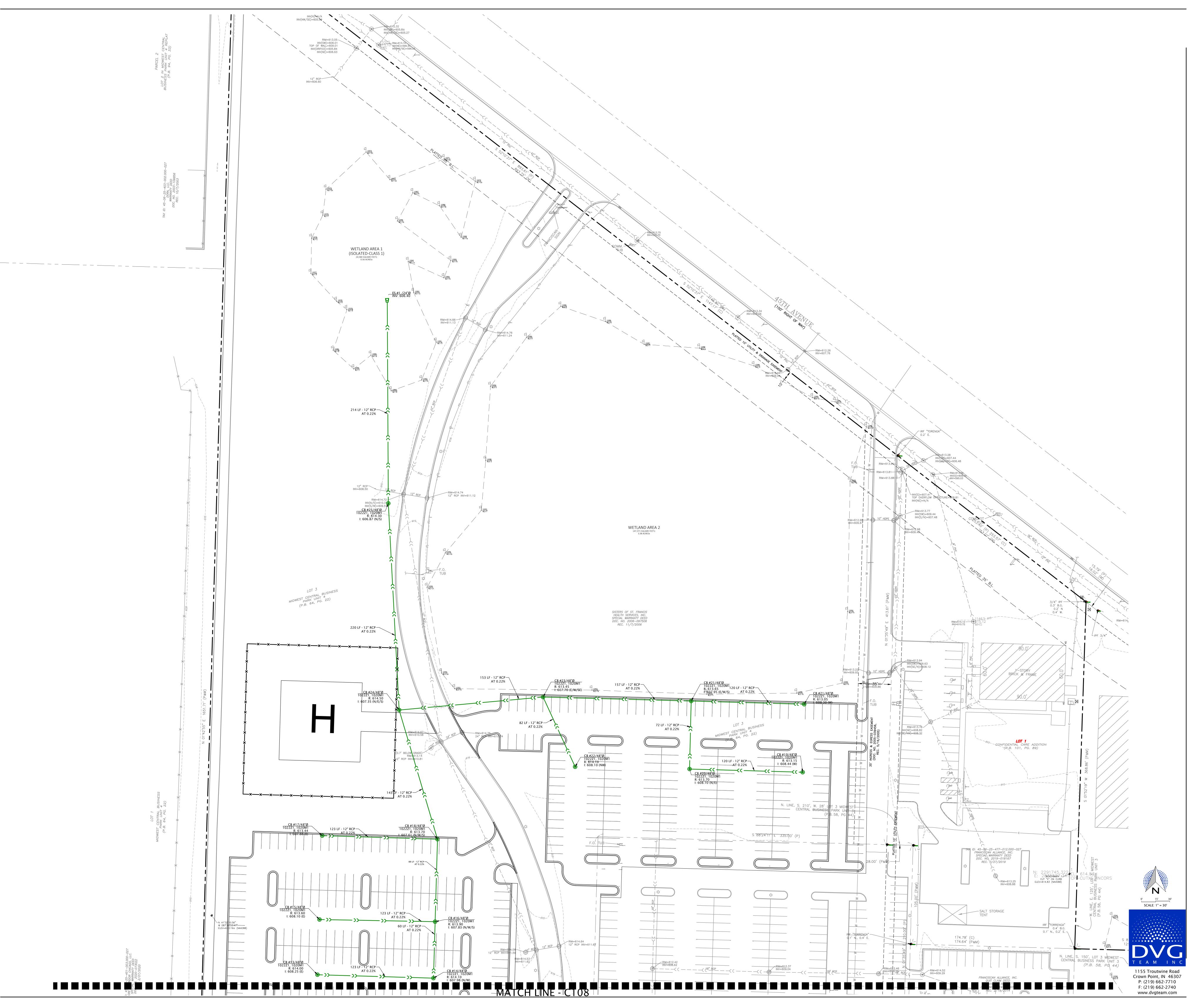
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UTILITY PLAN
BP3-SOUTH

BP3-SOUTH





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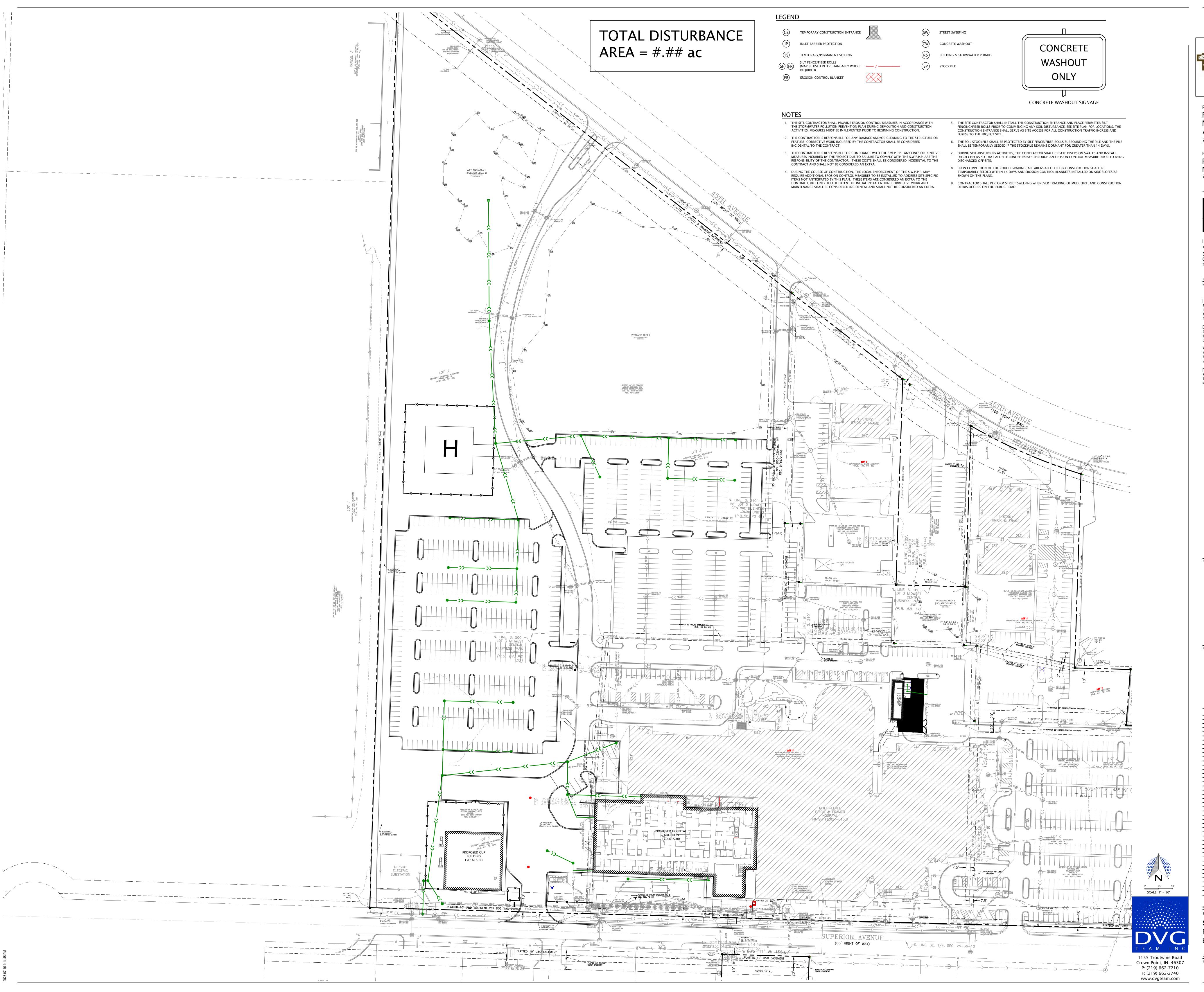
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STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

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SITE DEVELOPMENT COMMON EXCAVATION AND EARTHWORK GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

1.0 Quality Assurance:

1. Contractor shall notify the Construction Manager, Architect, Engineer and testing laboratory inspector when common excavation and earthwork is scheduled. Earthwork operations which require inspecting and testing by testing laboratory inspector shall not be performed unless testing laboratory inspector is present. 2. Contractor shall provide a 1-year warranty against settlement and damage caused by settlement for common excavation and earthwork. 3. If settlement occurs within 1 year after the date of Substantial Completion, the Contractor shall remove the affected surface feature, provide additional suitable fill, thoroughly compact and restore the surface feature to its original

2.0 Testing:

undisturbed condition.

1. An inspector from the Owner's soils testing laboratory shall, during the common excavation work operations, provide the

a. Test & Classify on-site excavated soils for reuse as topsoil, common site fill, embankment fill and structural fill. b. Test materials furnished from any off-site sources to verify compliance with specified requirements. c. Observe proofing rolling of exposed subsoil in areas where grades will be raised and provide recommendations for soil correction to ensure that unstable materials have been removed. d. Inspect placement and compaction of common site fill, embankment fill and structural fill to ensure the material being compacted is in accordance with specified requirements. For each lift, a minimum of 1 density test for every 10,000 square feet of lawn surface area, and 5,000 square feet of paved surface area, and 500 square feet of

proposed building area is required. e. Density tests are required for all subgrade/subsoil in areas that have been cut to rough grade elevations, after soils have been compacted to ensure soil compaction density is in accordance with the specified requirements. Test frequency shall be as described above in sub-paragraph 1.d.. 2. Tests and analysis of fill materials shall be performed in the laboratory in accordance with ASTM D1557.

accordance with ASTM D2922 and D3017. 3.0 Special Weather Protection:

1. Construction shall be limited during cold weather to prevent the formation of frost and snow accumulation to occur in materials used for site fill or in soils where site excavation is taking place. All areas that are scheduled for excavation activity shall be protected from freezing and snow accumulation. Any frozen material shall be removed and disposed of

3. Testing shall be performed as directed by the Soils Report Engineer. Compaction Testing shall be performed in

4.0 Clearing & Grubbing:

1. Contractor shall provide all clearing, grubbing, removal and disposal of all vegetation and debris related to the existing 2. Vegetation debris shall be removed from site and transported to a local and state authorized disposal sites.

5.0 Top Soil Stripping:

1. The project has a depth of topsoil variation throughout the site. The geotechnical report shows the topsoil depths at several locations throughout the project site. The Contractor shall strip and stockpile all topsoil at the location designated in the Site Development Drawings or as directed by the owner. 2. Topsoil removal material shall consist of fertile, friable, organic surface soil stripped from the site and shall be free of subsoil, brush, turf grasses, weeds, roots, stumps, stones larger than 1-inch in diameter and other contaminated matter." 3. Topsoil shall be stockpiled so that it may be reused and re-spread on site over Lawn and Landscaped areas.

4. The topsoil stockpile area shall be properly protected against soil erosion into the adjacent drainage system.

6.0 Borrow Material/Embankment & Structural Fill Material: 1. Borrow material for structural fill shall be first excavated from on site source locations as defined by the Soils Report 2. Structural fill material shall be placed under all utility trench corridors, building pad locations, paved parking, driveway, sidewalk and roadway areas.

3. Common site and embankment fill shall be placed under lawn, landscape and detention pond areas. 4. Maintain moisture content of structural fill within plus or minus 3 percent of the optimum moisture content as

determined by the Modified Proctor Test. 5. Contractor shall provide subgrade conditions meeting the design grades for pavements, exterior walks, curbs and

6. Contractor shall only place approved fill material under proposed building pads and parking areas 7. Contractor shall undercut any areas that do not meet the requirements for structural fill and shall replace with structural

7.0 Excavation:

1. Protect all existing natural features on site. 2. Install soil erosion prevention measures in accordance with local and state ordinances and in accordance with the soil erosion control project drawings 3. All proposed contours shown on this set of plans are proposed surface elevation. All fill shall be placed as structural fill for buildings and parking lots.

4. Prior to excavation an on-site Pre-construction Meeting shall be held between the Engineer, Owner/Owner's Representative and General Contractor to discuss earthwork protocol. 5. During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent physical conditions are encountered at the site differing

materially from those indicated in the contract or if ordinarily encountered at the site, the party discovering such conditions shall promptly notify the Owner/Owner's Representative/General Contractor and the Engineer in writing of the specific differing conditions. Upon written notification, the Engineer and Owner/Owner's Representative/General Contractor will investigate the conditions, and determine if adjustments to the Construction Documents and/or to the Contract are warranted. No contract adjustment which results in a benefit to the Contractor will be allowed unless the

Contractor has provided the required written notice of a changed condition. 8.0 Compaction:

1. Exercise care when compacting exposed soils relative to water table, rain or other moisture conditions. 2. Maintain moisture content of embankment material and structural fill material near optimum as recommended by the soils testing laboratory and Soil Boring Engineer. Maintain optimum moisture content of backfill and fill material to

attain the required compaction density. 3. Backfill common site fill, embankment fill, structural fill and utility trenches to contours and elevations defined on the project site development plans. 4. Systematically backfill to allow maximum time for optimum compaction and do not backfill over porous, wet or spongy 5. Employ a soils placement and compaction method that does not disturb or damage work performed and that maximizes

soil compaction. 6. All common site, embankment and structural fill shall be place and compacted in continuous layers/lifts not exceeding 8-inches loose depth. 7. Compact subsoil for structural fill to 95% of the Modified Proctor Maximum Dry Density (ASTM D1557) beneath all

building pad locations. 8. Compact subsoil for structural fill to 95% of Modified Proctor Maximum Dry Density (ASTM D1557) beneath all pavement areas and utility corridor trenches. 9. Compact subsoil for common site fill and embankment fill to 90% of the Modified Proctor Maximum Dry Density (ASTM D1557) beneath all lawn, landscape and detention pond areas. 10. Compact subsoil under building pad area to achieve soil-bearing capacities of 3,000 psf at a distance of 4-feet below the

proposed finish floor elevations of all building ads. 11. If tests indicated work does not meet specified requirements, all sub-standard work shall be immediately removed,

replaced and retested at no expense to the Owner.

GENERAL NOTES

1. Town of Munster, DVG Team, Inc. (Engineer) and any Utility Company affected must be notified at least two working days prior to commencement of work. Prior to construction the contractor is to call INDIANA 811.

2. Elevation Datum is U.S.G.S.

4. The locations of existing underground utilities, such as water mains, sewer, gas lines, etc., as shown on the plans have been determined from the best available information and is given for the convenience of the contractor. However, the engineer and the owner do not assume responsibility for the accuracy of the locations shown. It shall be the responsibility of the contractor to contact all utility companies and their facilities shall be located prior to commencement of any work.

5. Wherever obstructions not shown on the plans are encountered during the progress of the work and interfere to such an extent that alteration in the plans is required, the engineer shall be notified prior to any changes and any changes shall only be as approved via written instruction by the Engineer and the local Municipal Engineer.

6. As-built drawings shall be prepared by the contractor and submitted to the engineer as soon as the project is completed. Any change in the length, location or alignment shall be shown in red. "AS BUILT" drawings shall be forwarded to the appropriate utility organizations. Four (4) copies shall be submitted to the Municipal Engineer.

7. All proposed sanitary sewer, storm sewer, water main and service lines under and within 2' of pavement, curbs, and sidewalk shall be backfilled with crushed limestone (INDOT #53) or material consistent with Class I or II material as described in ASTM D2321 placed in 8" maximum layers and mechanically compacted to 95% modified proctor density. Slag is not permitted.

8. Materials used for water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer and streets shall conform to the Town of Munster standards and specifications.

9. Any existing public improvements (sidewalks, curb and gutter, etc.), disturbed during construction shall be replaced in kind, or per current of Town of Munster specifications as directed by the Municipal Engineer.

10. All public street construction shall meet performance standards of the current edition of the Indiana Department of Transportation Standard Specifications.

11. Street signage shall be included in accordance with the MUTCD requirements applicable at the time of construction.

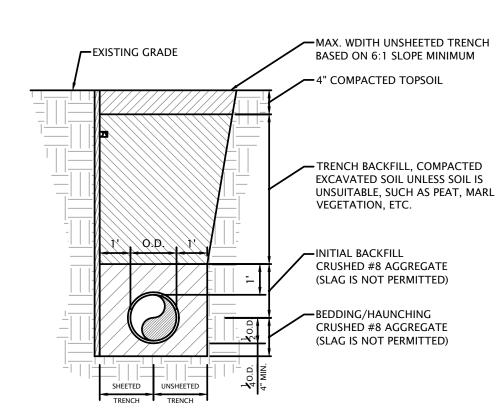
Utility company review typically cannot begin until all new customer forms have been submitted.

12. The Owner/General Contractor shall be responsible for any and all utility new customer form submissions.

REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT MAX. WDITH UNSHEETED TRENCH TO NEAT LINE MAXIMUM 1 FT EXISTING GRADE — BASED ON 6:1 SLOPE MINIMUM FROM TRENCH (SAW-CUT) PAVEMENT -(SEE PAVEMENT CROSS SECTION) AGGREGATE BASE (SEE PAVEMENT CROSS SECTION) TRENCH BACKFILL, INDOT STRUCTURAL FILL COMPACTED TO 95% MODIFIED PROCTOR DENSITY MINIMUM ALL MATERIAL SHALL MEET MATERIAL AND PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION OF THE CURRENT INDIANA DEPT. OF TRANSPORATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS MANUAL ✓ INITIAL BACKFILL CRUSHED #8 AGGREGATE (SLAG IS NOT PERMITTED) BEDDING/HAUNCHING CRUSHED #8 AGGREGATE (SLAG IS NOT PERMITTED)

PIPE BEDDING/TRENCH BACKFILL (NOT TO SCALE)

FOR TRENCH IN PAVEMENT AREAS



PIPE BEDDING/TRENCH BACKFILL

FOR TRENCH IN GRASS/LANDSCAPED AREAS



FRANCISCAN HEALTH MUNSTER HOSPITAL **ADDITION** 701 Superior Ave, Munster, IN 46321

Prepared For FRANCISCAN HEALTH

701 Superior Ave, Munster, IN 46321



MUNSTER

Hellmuth, Obata & Kassabaum, Inc. 333 South Wabash Avenue, 14th Floor Chicago, IL 60604 USA t +1 312 782 1000 f +1 312 782 6727

In Association with

IMEG Corporation Structural, Mechanical, Plumbing, Fire Protection, Technology Engineering 1100 Warrenville Road, Suite 400W

Naperville, IL 60563 Civil Engineering 1155 Troutwine Road

Crown Point, IN 46307

Van Deusen Associates, Inc Vertical Transportation Consulting 75 North Main Street Zionsville, IN 46077

Rippe Associates Food Service Design Consulting 10400 Yellow Circle Drive, Suite 100 Minneapolis, MN 55343

Professional Seals

No.	Description	2023 00 1
	1000ET OR OFFE REVIEW	2020 00 1

SCALE: 1" = NTS

EAM IN

1155 Troutwine Road Crown Point, IN 46307 P: (219) 662-7710 F: (219) 662-2740 www.dvgteam.com

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

Original is 48 x 36. Do not scale contents of this drawing.

SANITARY SEWER GENERAL NOTES

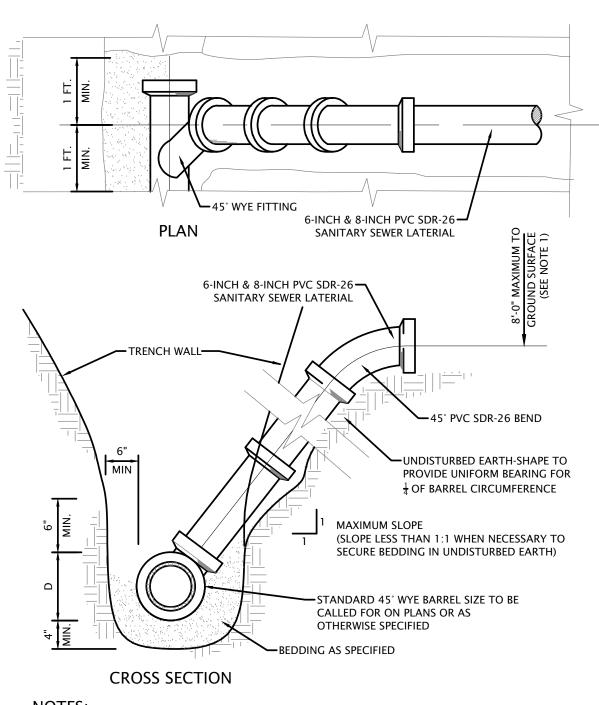
1. All Floor Drains shall discharge to the sanitary sewer.

- 2. Sanitary sewer pipe shall be PVC (SDR 26) ASTM D-3034 with push-on rubber gasket joints and shall be in accordance with ASTM C-3212, unless otherwise noted on the plans for portions to be PVC (SDR 21).
- 3. All sanitary sewer manholes shall be air tested for leaks in accordance with ASTM C1244-93 and Standard Test Method for Concrete Sewer
- Manholes by Negative Air Pressure (Vacuum) Test.

 4. Where ductile iron pipe is used for sanitary sewer, the pipe shall be in accordance with ANSI A-21.51 and the joints in accordance with ANSI
- 5. A deflection test shall be performed on each flexible pipe following the elapse of thirty (30) days after the placement of the final backfill. No pipe shall exceed a deflection of five percent (5%) or greater. The diameter of the rigid ball or mandrel used for a deflection test shall be no less than pipety-five percent (95%) of the base inside diameter of the pipe to be tested dependent on what is specified in the corresponding ASTM
- pipe shall exceed a deflection of five percent (5%) or greater. The diameter of the rigid ball or mandrel used for a deflection test shall be no less than ninety-five percent (95%) of the base inside diameter of the pipe to be tested dependent on what is specified in the corresponding ASTM standard. The test shall not be performed with the aid of a mechanical pulling device.
- 6. A leakage test shall be performed using one of the following leakage test types.
 a.) A hydrostatic test shall be performed with a minimum of two (2) feet of positive head. The rate of exfiltration or infiltration shall not exceed two hundred (200) gallons per inch of pipe diameter per linear mile per day.
 b.) An air test shall conform to ASTM F1417-92, Standard Test Method for Installation Acceptance of Plastic Gravity Sewer Lines Using

7. All sanitary sewer shall be inspected by the Town of Munster.

Low-Pressure Air, for plastic pipe.

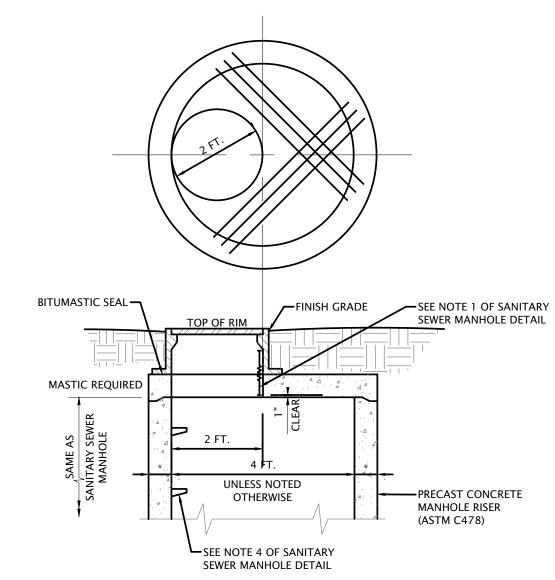


NOTES:

1. RISERS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN LIEU OF WYES WHERE SEWER DEPTH EXCEEDS 10 FEET. FOR PIPE MATERIAL AND CONCRETE, SEE SPECIFICATIONS.

2. ALL SANITARY SEWER SERVICE LATERALS SHALL BE PLUGGED WITH A WATERTIGHT CAP AND SHALL BE LOCATED WITH 4-INCH x 4-INCH WOOD MARKERS TO IDENTIFY LATERAL END.

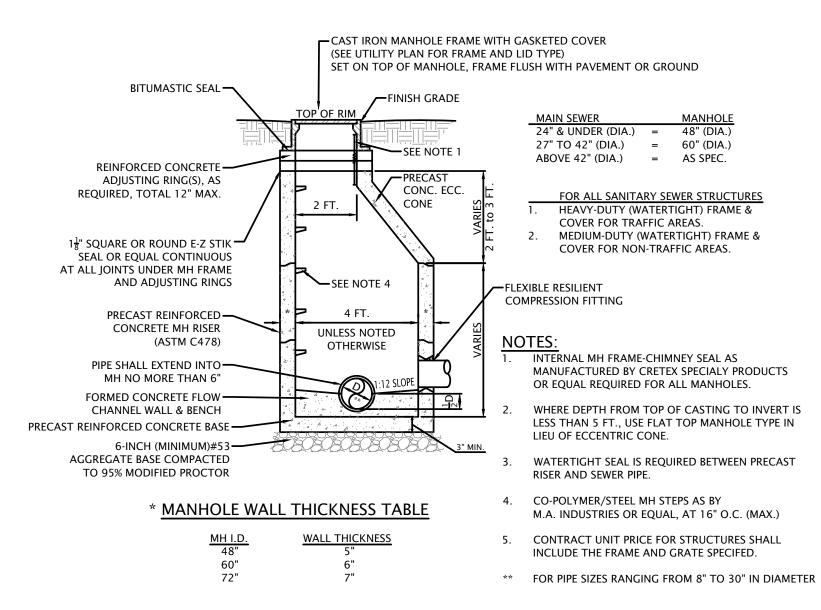
SANITARY SEWER SERVICE



MANHOLE TOP (FLAT TOP)

(NOT TO SCALE)

USED WHERE RESTRICTED HEAD ROOM WILL NOT ALLOW FOR TAPERED WALLS
SEE SANITARY MANHOLE NOTES



SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE

WATERMAIN GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All water mains, fittings, and valves shall be ductile iron cement lined pressure class 350 with rubber gasket push-on joints in accordance with ANSI A-21.51 & AWWA C 151 and be Polyethylene Encased per IAC 8-3.2-8. Water main joints shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C 111. Mechanical joints shall be restrained and shall use Meg-A-Lug as manufactured by EBAA Iron Sales (or equal). Watermain may be PVC C900, DR 18 only if noted on the plans.
- 2. Water mains shall be laid at least 10' horizontally from any existing or proposed sanitary sewer, storm sewer, sewer manhole, drain or service connection as measured from outside edge of the water main to outside edge of the sewers or manhole. If local conditions prevent horizontal separation of 10 feet, then the SEWER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF WATER MAIN QUALITY REQUIREMENTS as specified in the IAC 8-3.2 Sections 8, 9 and 17(a).
- 3. When water mains cross any existing or proposed sanitary or storm sewers (sewers), there shall be at least 18 inches vertical separation between the outside edge of the water main and the outside edge of the sewer. This shall be the case where water mains cross above or below sewers. This crossing must be at a minimum angle of forty-five (45) degrees measured from the centerline of each. All these conditions specified shall be maintained for a minimum distance of ten (10) feet from either side of the water main. If vertical separation specified herein cannot be met, then the SEWER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF WATER MAIN QUALITY REQUIREMENTS as specified in
- 4. For additional separation requirements between water mains and sewers, the Contractor shall refer to the Indiana Administrative Code 327 IAC 8 and IAC 3.
- All water main shall be installed in accordance with IAC 8-3.2-17. The contractor shall provide pressure and leak testing results conforming to IAC 8-3.2-17(a).
- 6. All water main shall be disinfected in accordance with IAC 8-3.2-18.

the IAC 8-3.2 Sections 8, 9 and 17(a).

RESTRAINED PIPE LENGTH

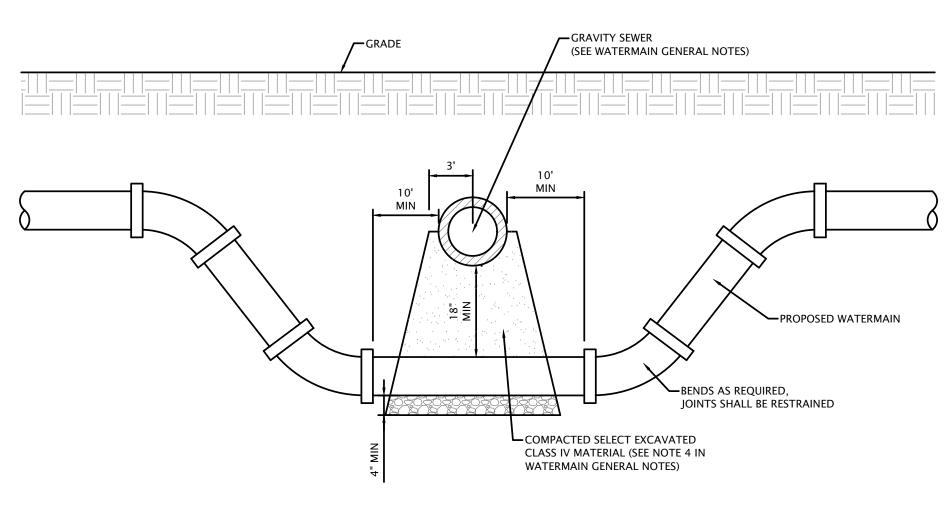
PIPE SIZE (INCHES)	TEE* BRANCH	90° ELBOW	45° ELBOW	22 1/2° ELBOW	11 1/4° ELBOW	DEAD ENDS
4	0	15	6	3	2	20
6	9	22	9	4	2	28
8	18	27	11	5	3	37
10	25	33	14	7	3	44
12	33	39	16	8	4	52
14	41	44	18	9	4	60
16	48	50	21	10	5	68
18	56	55	23	11	5	75
20	63	61	25	12	6	82
24	77	71	29	14	7	96
30	97	86	36	17	8	116
36	116	100	41	20	10	135

INCREASE ALL LENGTHS IN TABLE BY 75% FOR USE ON POLYETHYLENE WRAPPED DUCTILE IRON PIPE OR PVC PIPE.

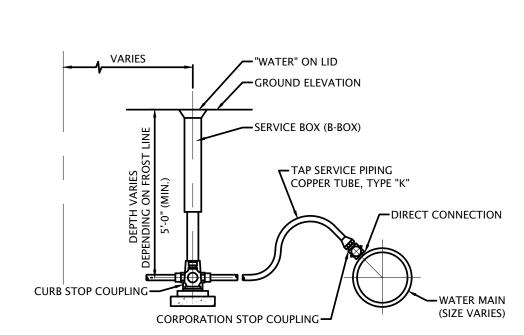
TEST PRESSURE BASED ON 150 PSI.

* ONE FULL LENGTH (18') OF PIPE ON BOTH SIDES OF BRANCH TO BE

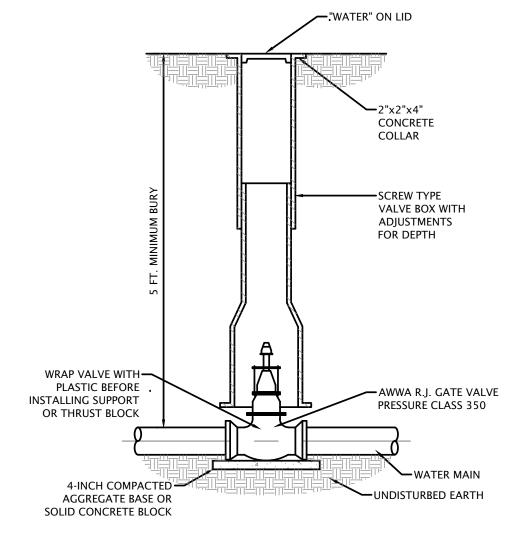
RESTRAINED PIPE LENGTH TABLE



SANITARY/STORM SEWER & WATERMAIN CROSSING

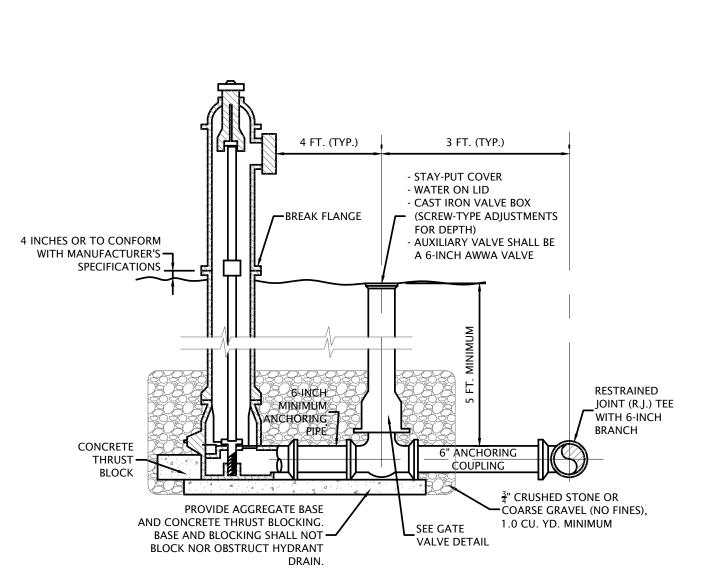


TYPICAL B-BOX & TAP SERVICE PIPING



GATE VALVE & BOX (12-INCH OR SMALLER)
(NOT TO SCALE)

USE IF DUCTILE IRON IS USED FOR WATER SERVICE



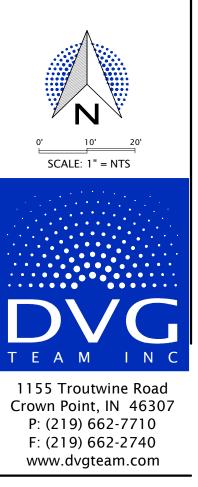
FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY (TYPE "A")

NOTES:

1. HYDRANT TYPE SHALL BE KENNEDY, 3-NOZZLE WITH 5" STORZ CONNECTION.

2. NEAREST PART OF HYDRANT NOT LESS THAT 1.5 FT. FROM BACK OF CURB.

3. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE RESTRAINED BY RETAINER GLANDS OR RODDING, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.



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FRANCISCAN HEALTH
MUNSTER HOSPITAL
ADDITION

701 Superior Ave, Munster, IN 46321

Prepared For
FRANCISCAN HEALTH
MUNSTER
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Food Service Design Consulting
10400 Yellow Circle Drive, Suite 100
Minneapolis, MN 55343

Koy Plan

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

ISSUE FOR SITE REVIEW 2023 05

Project No: 22.03029.00
Sheet Title

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

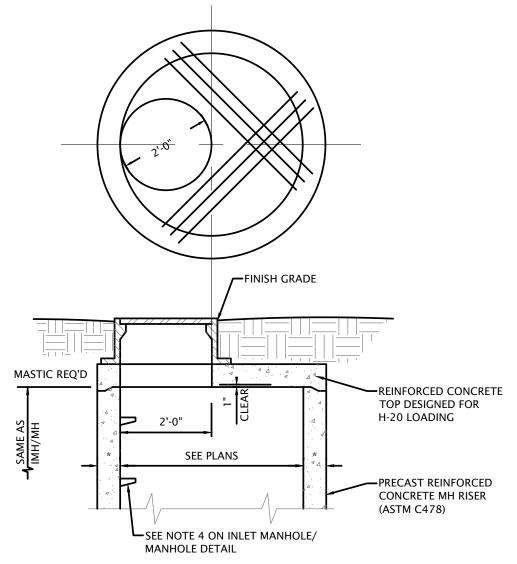
s 48 x 36. Do not scale contents of this drawing.

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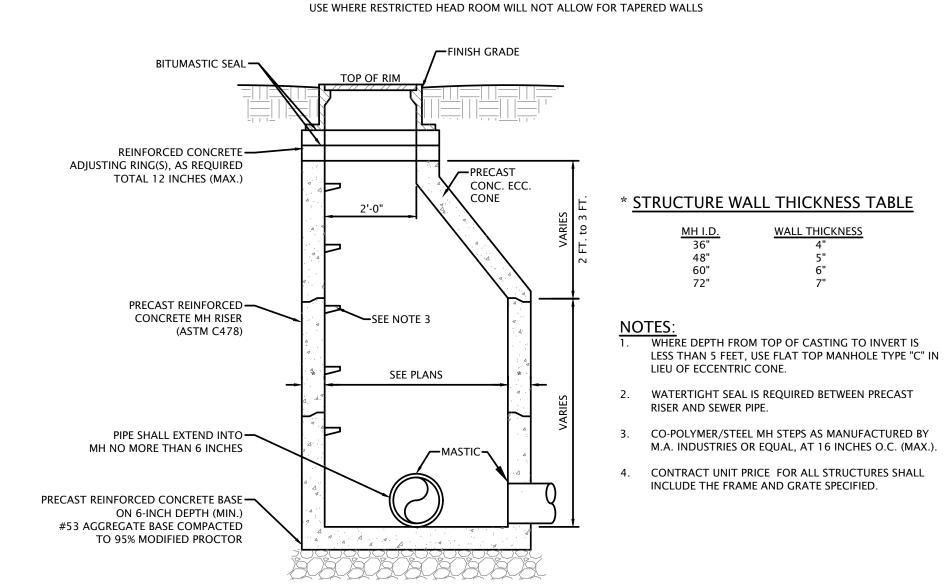
STORM SEWER GENERAL NOTES

- Footing drains, sump pump drains and outside drains shall discharge to the storm sewer where storm sewer is provided.
- 2. The maximum allowable rate of infiltration or exfiltration shall not exceed 100 gallons, per 24 hours per inch-diameter per mile of sewer pipe.
- 3. Storm sewers shall be as noted on the plans. If approved by the Engineer, an alternative storm sewer pipe 12 inches and larger can be reinforced concrete minimum Class III, wall B conforming to ASTM C-76; Corrugated High-Density Polyethylene Pipe with smooth interior (ADS N-12) conforming to AASHTO M-294; Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with smooth interior conforming to AASHTO M-330 (ADS HP STORM); Corrugated High-Density Polyethylene Pipe with smooth interior (PRINSCO, GOLDFLO) conforming to AASHTO M-294 or other INDOT, Type 2 storm sewers as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. All HDPE storm sewer pipe shall be tested with a mandrel. Maximum deflection shall meet ASTM C1244-93 and Standard Test Method for Concrete Sewer Manholes 30 days after backfill, and should be performed without the aid of a mechanical pulling device. The deflection testing shall meet all requirements of IDEM section 327 IAC 3-6-19(a) (b) (c).



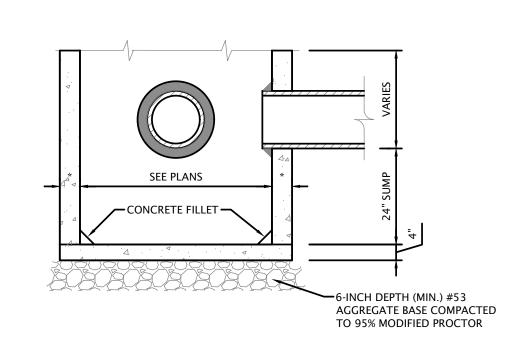
MANHOLE TOP (FLAT TOP)

(NOT TO SCALE)



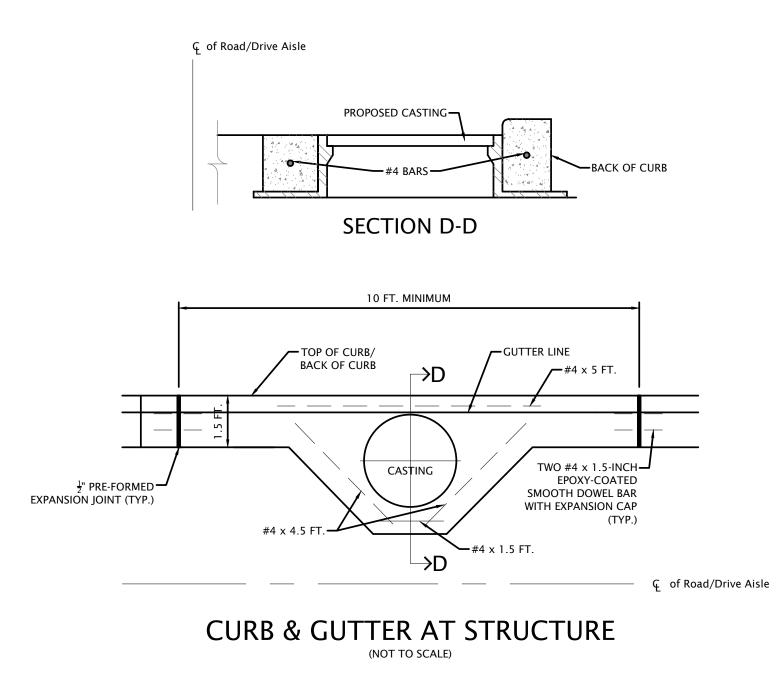
INLET MANHOLE/MANHOL

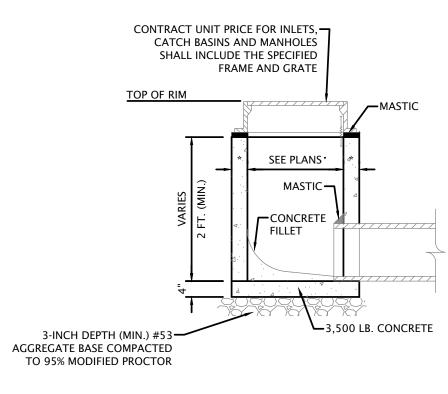
INLET MANHOLE (IMH) USES AN OPED LID - SEE STORM CALLOUT FOR FRAME & LID TYPE MANHOLE (MH) USES A CLOSED LID - SEE STORM CALLOUT FOR FRAME & LID TYPE.



CATCH BASIN (NOT TO SCALE)

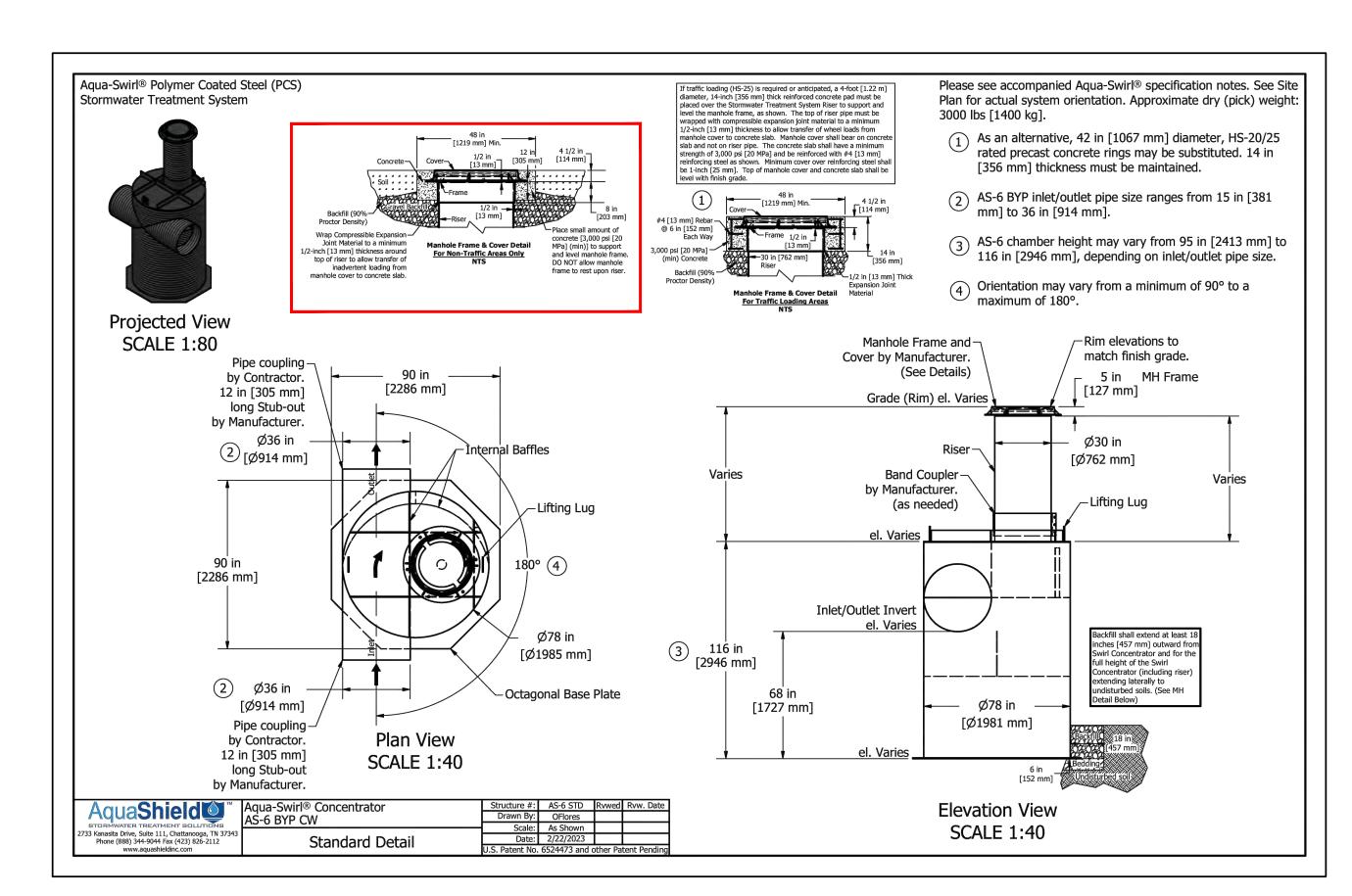
SEE INLET MANHOLE/MANHOLE DETAIL
CATCH BASIN USES EITHER CLOSED OR OPEN LIDS - SEE UTILITY PLAN FOR FRAME & LID TYPE.





INLET
(NOT TO SCALE)

INLET USES OPEN LIDS - SEE UTILITY PLAN FOR FRAME & LID TYPE.



HYDRODYNAMIC SEPARATOR DETAILS

NOTES:

1. AQUA-SHIELD SPECIFICATIONS shall be considered part of this plan set.

AQUA-SHIELD SPECIFICATIONS shall be considered part of this plan
 Contact Sales Representative for product purchase:
 Stacy Tobin

Product Consultant Entel, Inc 734-358-4575 stobin@entel-group.com

3. CONTRACTOR MAY USE AQUA-SHIELD, CONTECH OR OTHER EQUAL HYDRODYNAMIC SEPARATOR PRODUCT/CONFIGURATION, BUT SHALL BE APPROVED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD AND LAKE COUNTY SURVEYOR'S OFFICE.

DESIGN NOTES:

HYDRODYNAMIC SEPARATORS	WQV FLOW	10YR FLOW	CONTECH*	AQUA-SHIELD*
HD#1	5.9 CFS	30.06 CFS	CS12	AS6 BYP

*AQUA-SHIELD HYDRODYNAMIC SEPARATOR WERE SIZED BY WQV FLOW
*CONTECH: HYDRODYNAMIC SEPARATOR WERE SIZED BY 10 YR FLOW.
*ALTERNATIVE CONFIGURATION USING A BYPASS STRUCTURE MAY CHANGE THE SIZE OF THE HYDRODYNAMIC SEPARATOR.

Franciscan
HEALTH

FRANCISCAN HEALTH MUNSTER HOSPITAL ADDITION

FRANCISCAN HEALTH

701 Superior Ave, Munster, IN 46321

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Prepared For

MUNSTER

Hellmuth, Obata & Kassabaum, Inc.

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10400 Yellow Circle Drive, Suite 100
Minneapolis, MN 55343

Professional Seals

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No. Description Date
ISSUE FOR SITE REVIEW 2023 00 22

Project No: 22.03029.00
Sheet Title

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

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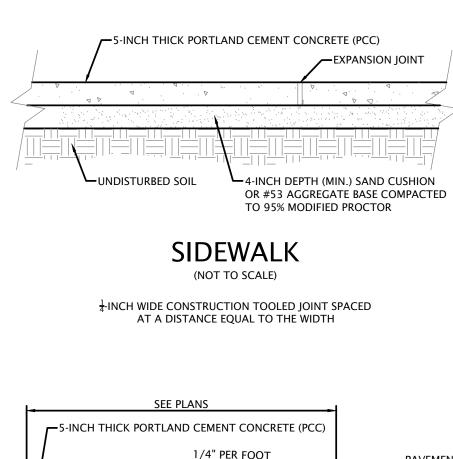
C202

SCALE: 1" = NTS

T E A M I N C

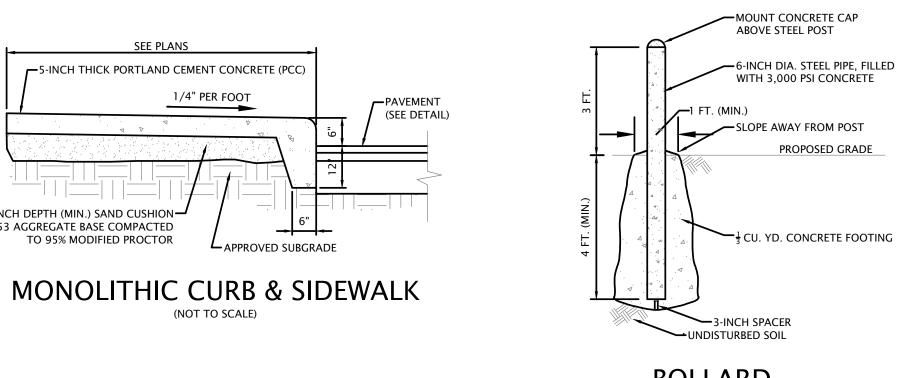
1155 Troutwine Road
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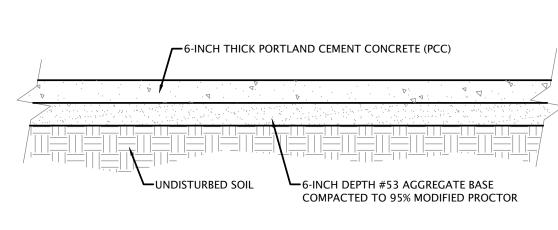
F: (219) 662-2740 www.dvgteam.com



4-INCH DEPTH (MIN.) SAND CUSHION— OR #53 AGGREGATE BASE COMPACTED

TO 95% MODIFIED PROCTOR





CONCRETE PAVEMENT

BOLLARD (NOT TO SCALE) NOTES. 1. PAINT ALL BOLLARDS SAFETY YELLOW.

CONCRETE FLAT WORK NOTES:

1. PROVIDE $\frac{3}{4}$ -INCH EXPANSION JOINT CONFORMING TO ASTM D-1751 ALONG BACK OF CURBS, DRIVEWAYS, STEPS, WALLS AND ACROSS

THE SIDEWALK AT INTERVALS NOT TO EXCEED 40 FEET. 2. EXTEND EXPANSION JOINT MATERIAL FULL DEPTH OF THE SLAB.

FEET APART, OR AS SPECIFIED ON THE SITE PLAN.

SPECIFICATIONS MANUAL.

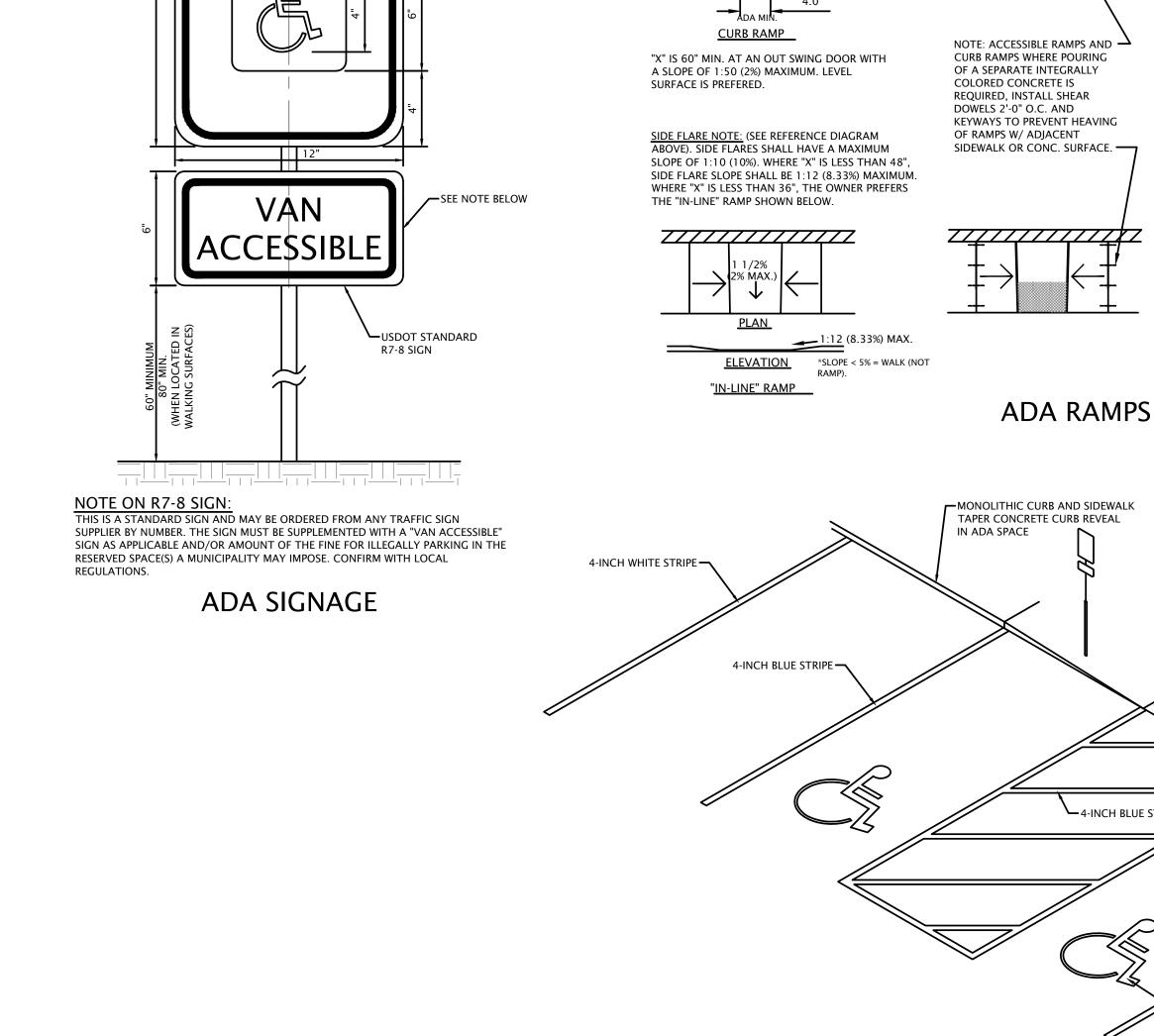
6"x6"x 10/10 GAUGE.

3. PROVIDE TOOLED "V-GROOVE" CONTROL JOINT SPACED AT A

DISTANCE EQUAL TO THE WIDTH OF THE WALK BUT NOT OVER 10

4. CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "A" & 4,000 PSI IN 28 DAYS; MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MOST RECENT INDOT STANDARD

5. ALL CONCRETE FLAT WORK SHALL BE REINFORCED WIRE MESH



ADJOINING SLOPE

SHALL NOT

EXCEED 1:20

SLOPE = Y:X

_____Y LEVEL PLANE

MEASUREMENT OF CURB RAMP SLOPE

→ WALK →

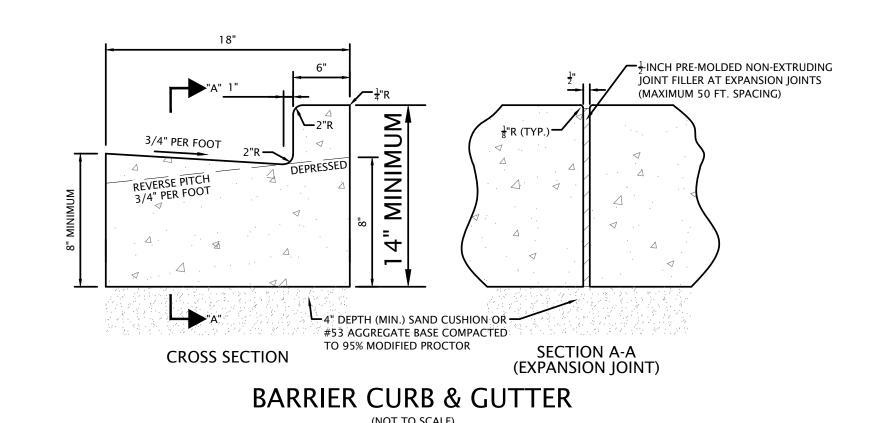
WHERE X IS A

TACK COAT BINDER COURSE (SEE NOTE) / SUBBASE COURSE (SEE MOTE) PROVIDE LIME — STABILIZATION IF SUBGRADE CONDITIONS YIELD EXCESSIVELY UNDER PROOF-ROLL INDOT HMA TYPE B SURFACE, 9.5mm INDOT HMA TYPE B INTERMEDIATE, 19.0mm



CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER NOTES

- 1. PROVIDE TWO #4 BARS (10 FT. LONG) CENTERED IN EACH UTILITY TRENCH. . (NOT USED) 3. COST OF BARS SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICE (PER LINEAR FOOT) FOR CURB AND GUTTER. 4. CONTRACTION JOINTS SHALL BE PLACED AT EQUAL SPACES BETWEEN NORMAL EXPANSION JOINTS. 5. 3" EXPANSION IOINTS AT 50 FEET MAXIMUM. 6. CONTRACTION JOINTS AT 20 FEET MAXIMUM.
- 7. CONTRACTION JOINTS SHALL BE SAW CUT IN THE UPPER 1 OF CURB AND GUTTER WITHIN 7 DAYS OF PLACEMENT 8. SAW CUT EXISTING CURB PRIOR TO REMOVAL. PROVIDE NEAT AND CLEAN FACE TO ABUT NEW CURB. 9. USE 4,500 (MIN.) PSI CONCRETE. DEPRESS DRIVEWAYS, AS REQUIRED.



ADA NOTES

A CURB RAMP(S) MUST BE PROVIDED ALONG AN ACCESSILBLE PATH FROM THE PARKING LOT TO OWNERS CURBED SIDEWALK. A CURB RAMP(S) MUST ALSO BE PROVIDED IN THE PARKING LOT AT ALL INTERMEDIATE AND PERIMETER CURBS ALONG THE ACCESSIBLE ROUTE CONNECTING TO PUBLIC SIDEWALKS.

A RAMP IS ANY SLOPE GREATER THAN 1:20 (5%) AND SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM FROM THE PAVEMENT. THE POST MUST BE MOUNTED IN THE SLOPE OF 1:12 (8.33%). THE MAXIMUM SLOPE IS 1" OF RISE PER FOOT OF DISTANCE TRAVELED.

A RAMP SHALL HAVE A DETECTABLE SURFACE IDENTIFYING THE AREA OF THE RAMP. DETECTABLE WARNINGS SHALL CONSIST OF TRUNCATED DOMES ALIGNED IN A SQUARE OR RADIAL GRID. TRUNCATED DOMES SHALL HAVE A BASE DIAMETER OF 0.9 IN. TO 1.5 IN. MAXIMUM, A TOP DIAMETER OF 50% OF THE BASE DIAMETER MINIMUM TO 65% OF THE BASE DIAMETER MAXIMUM AND A HEIGHT OF 0.2 IN. DOMES SHALL BE SPACED CENTER-TO-CENTER OF 1.6 IN. MINIMUM TO 2.4 IN. MAXIMUM AND A BASE-TO-BASE SPACING OF 0.65 45°, 60°, AND 90° PARKING. IN. MINIMUM, MEASURED BETWEEN THE MOST ADJACENT DOMES. CURB RAMPS OR SIDEWALK RAMPS LEADING DOWN INTO A PATH OF VEHICLE

TRAFFIC MUST HAVE A DETECTABLE WARNING FEATURE EXTENDING THE FULL WIDTH AND DEPTH OF THE RAMP (MID-WALK "IN-LINE" RAMPS ONLY NEED DETECTABLE WARNINGS AT WALK/PARKING TRANSITION). THE DETECTABLE SURFACE MUST CONSIST OF RAISED TRUNCATED DOMES WITH A DIAMETER OF NOMINAL 0.9 INCHES A HEIGHT OF NOMINAL 0.2 INCHES AND A CENTER-TO CENTER SPACING OF NOMINAL 2.35 INCHES. THE TEXTURE OF THE DETECTABLE WARNING FEATURE MUST CONTRAST WITH THE SURROUNDING SURFACES (EITHER LIGHT-ON-DARK OR DARK-ON-LIGHT). ADA DETECTABLE WARNING STRIPS SHALL BE A CAST IN PLACE DETECTABLE/TACTILE WARNING TILE. THE TILE MUST MEET ALL ADA REQUIREMENTS, AND SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANAFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS. A 5-YEAR WARANTEE SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE MANUFACTURER FOR THE INSTALLED TILE FOR COLORFASTNESS AND DURABILITY. DETECTABLE/TACTILE WARNING TILE SHALL BE ARMOR-TILE, ACCESS-TILE OR AN APPROVED VENDOR.

ADA DETECTABLE WARNING TILE SHALL BE ORIENTATED PERPENDICULAR TO THE PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL DIRECTION. SKEWED PLACEMENT TO MATCH A RADIUS IS NOT ALLOWED. THE LEADING EDGE OF THE DETECTABLE WARNING TILE MUST BE CLOSER THAN 5' FROM THE VEHICLE SURFACE, AND HAVE A MINIMUM OF 24" LENGTH ALONG THE PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL DIRECTION. THE TILE MAY BE CUT TO MATCH A RADIUS AT THE CURB IF ONE END OF THE RAMP EXCEEDS THE 5'

THE CLEAR WIDTH OF ANY RAMP MEASURED PERPENDICULAR TO THE PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL DIRECTION IS A MINIMUM OF 36". THERE ARE LOCAL JURISDICTIONS THAT SPECIFICALLY REQUIRE DETECTIBLE WARNINGS ON THE SIDE FLARES OR TOP OF RAMP (CA.). THERE ARE LOCAL JURISDICTIONS THAT HAVE REDEFINED DETECTIBLE WARNINGS (e.g. EXPOSED CONTRASTING COLOR AGGREGATE, GROOVES IN A PARALLEL OR DIAMOND PATTERN ETC.). ACCESSIBILITY GUIDLINES DEFINED BY LOCAL ORDINANCE SHOULD SUPERSEDE WHEN MORE STRINGENT THAN ADAAG. IN THE ABSENCE OF A DEFINITION, FOLLOW ADAAG.

TYPICAL ADA PARKING SPACE PLAN

4-INCH BLUE STRIPE

A U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION R7-8 (RESERVED PARKING) AND SUPPLEMENTAL SIGNS AS NOTED ABOVE MUST BE MOUNTED ON A PERMANENT POST NO LOWER THAN FOUR FEET CENTER OF THE 8 FOOT WIDE ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE, NO MORE THAN 5 FEET FROM THE FRONT OF THE PARKING SPACE. SEE ILLUSTRATION ABOVE. EACH ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE IS TO BE A MINIMUM OF 8 FEET WIDE AND HAVE A 96" MINIMUM ACCESS AISLE FOR VANS OR 60" ACCESS AISLE FOR CARS ADJACENT TO THE SPACE. THE ACCESS AISLE MAY BE ON EITHER THE DRIVER'S SIDE OR THE PASSENGER'S SIDE OF THE ACCESSIBLE SPACE. THIS APPLIES TO ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACES ARE TO BE LOCATED AS CLOSE TO THE BUILDING ENTRANCE AS POSSIBLE AND SHALL BE IDENTIFIED ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACES AND ACCESS AISLES SHALL BE LEVEL WITH A SLOPE BETWEEN 1.5% AND 2% OR 1:50 IN ALL DIRECTIONS. THIS INCLUDES BOTH "RUNNING SLOPES" AND "CROSS SLOPES."

EACH PARKING SPACE ACCESS AISLE MUST CONNECT TO A

COMMON LEVEL WITH AN ACCESSIBLE ROUTE...I.E., EACH ACCESS

AISLE NEXT TO A PARKING SPACE MUST HAVE A CURB RAMP AT

SIDEWALK OR BLEND TO A LEVEL WALKWAY LEADING TO THE

ACCESSIBLE PARKING ACCESS AISLES SHALL BE PART OF AN ACCESSIBLE ROUTE TO THE BUILDING ENTRANCE. THE ACCESS AISLE SHALL BE DESIGNATED WITH HIGH QUALITY YELLOW DIAGONAL SURFACE PAINT STRIPING. RAMPS MUST NOT EXTEND OUT FROM THE CURB INTO THE ACCESS AISLE OF ANY ACCESS PARKING SPACE. ADA ALLOWS TWO PARKING SPACES TO SHARE AN ACCESS AISLE.

ADA-DETECTABLE —

ADA-DETECTABLE —

WARNING TILE

ADA-DETECTABLE —

WARNING TILE

A SEPARATE

DETECTABLE/TACTILE WARNING

MONOLITHIC CURB AND SIDEWALK — TAPER CONCRETE CURB REVEAL

IN ADA SPACE

►INTERNATIONAL ACCESS SYMBOL ON PAVEMENT

-4-INCH BLUE STRIPE

R7-9 SIGN MOUNTED ON 2-INCH BLACK ALUMINUM POLE (ROUND

OR SQUARE). MUST BE LOCATED

WITHIN 5 FT. FROM THE END OF THE PARKING SPACE

→BOLLARD (OPTIONAL)

TILE TO BE PLACED ALONG ENTIRE WIDTH OF RAMP

ACCESSIBLE RAMPS & CURB —

RAMPS WHERE POURING OF

RAMP (SLOPE SHALL

NOT EXCEED 8.33%)

RAMP (SLOPE SHALL

NOT EXCEED 8.33%)

ADA-DETECTABLE -

RAMP (SLOPE SHALL

NOT EXCEED 8.33%)

ACCESSIBLE SPACE REQUIREMENTS TOTAL OFF STREET NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACES REQUIRED PROVIDED 1 TO 25... 26 TO 50.... 51 TO 75..... 201 TO 300.... 301 TO 400... 401 TO 500.... 501 TO 1000..... OVER 1000..... ...2% PLUS 1 FOR EACH 100 OVER 1000 HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT FACILITIES......10% OF TOTAL PATIENT & VISITOR PARKING SPACES

ADA REQUIRES ONE VAN ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE IN EVERY SIX

VAN ACCESSIBLE SPACES SHALL BE PERMITTED TO BE 8ft WIDE (MIN)

ACCESSIBLE SPACES, BUT NOT LESS THAN ONE.

WITH A 8ft WIDE (MIN) ACCESS AISLE

 VAN ACCESSIBLE SPACES SHALL BE PERMITTED TO BE 11ft WIDE WITH A 5ft WIDE (MIN) ACCESS AISLE **ACCESSIBLE PARKING-SIZE AND MARKINGS**

1. PAINTED CROSSWALKS SHALL BE WHITE 18" WIDE STRIPES 6' LONG, SPACED 36" ON CENTER ACROSS THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE CROSSING. 2. PAINT 2" BLACK OUTLINE AROUND ARROWS AND LETTERS IN AREAS OF CONCRETE SURFACE. 3. PARKING SPACES ARE TO BE "WHITE" - 4" WIDE STRIPES

4. ADA SPACES, ADA MARKING, AND ADA ACCESS SPACE ARE TO BE "BLUE" - 4" WIDE STROKES. PAVEMENT MARKINGS



FRANCISCAN HEALTH **MUNSTER HOSPITAL ADDITION** 701 Superior Ave, Munster, IN 46321

Prepared For

FRANCISCAN HEALTH MUNSTER 701 Superior Ave, Munster, IN 46321



Hellmuth, Obata & Kassabaum, Inc. 333 South Wabash Avenue, 14th Floor

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IMEG Corporation Structural, Mechanical, Plumbing, Fire Protection, Technology Engineering 1100 Warrenville Road, Suite 400W

Chicago, IL 60604 USA

DVG Team Inc. Civil Engineering 1155 Troutwine Road Crown Point, IN 46307 Van Deusen Associates, Inc. Vertical Transportation Consulting 75 North Main Street Zionsville, IN 46077

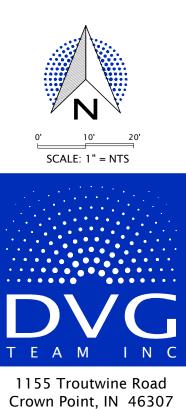
Naperville, IL 60563

In Association with

Rippe Associates Food Service Design Consulting 10400 Yellow Circle Drive, Suite 100 Minneapolis, MN 55343

Professional Seals

No.	Description	
	Description ISSUE FOR SITE REVIEW	2023



P: (219) 662-7710 F: (219) 662-2740 www.dvgteam.com

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

Original is 48 x 36. Do not scale contents of this drawing.

GENERAL STORM WATER MANAGEMENT NOTES

Soil erosion and sedimentation control shall protect against loss of soil by the action of water, ice and wind. Erosion control shall be in accordance with [MUNICIPALITY] Storm Water Ordinance & Storm Water Technical Manual & "The Indiana Storm Water Quality Manual".

There are two main elements for Storm Water Quality: Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control and Post-Construction Stormwater Management. The contractor shall provide Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control as required and construct the Post-Construction Stormwater Management features as shown on these plans.

The contractor shall be responsible for maintaining site conditions such that Stormwater Runoff Control is provided

throughout construction. Surface water runoff management, ie: temporary ditches, swales, bypass pumping, and erosion control measures shall be constructed and maintained as required by construction activity and these items are considered incidental to the contract. These items shall be included in the base contract. Upon the completion of the site work the contractor shall remove the Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control measures

and install the Post-Construction Stormwater Management measures. Those Stormwater Runoff Control measures such as detention ponds that will also serve in the Post-Construction Stormwater

Management Plan shall have construction sediment removed and full functionality restored upon the completion of the Site Each Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control measure shall be installed immediately following the construction of the structure or feature in which the measure is intended to protect.

The contractor is responsibile for any damage and/or cleaning to the structure or feature. Corrective work incurred by the contractor shall be considered incidental to the contract.

The contractor is responsibile for compliance with the S.W.P.P.P. Any fines or punative measures incurred by the project due to failure to comply with the S.W.P.P.P. are the responsibility of the contractor. These costs shall be considered incidental to

the contract, and shall not be considered an extra. During the course of construction the S.W.P.P.P. may require additional erosion control measures to be installed to address site specific items not anticipated by this plan due to construction schedule or sequencing. It is not the intent of this plan to direct the schedule or sequencing beyond the general construction sequence. Any stormwater runoff control measures required due to construction methodology, sequencing, etc. are incidental to the contract. Corrective work and maintenance

All items shown on these detail sheets are standard details and describe standard installation practices. Not all of these Stormwater Runoff Control measures will be utilized. See the erosion control plan for location and types of erosion control measures utilized. The stormwater checklist document will serve to further outline the S.W.P.P.P. for this project and it is considered part of the plan documents. In the event that site conditions require additional or different erosion control measures, these details serve to describe some acceptable methods.

POTENTIAL CONSTRUCTION POLLUTANT SOURCES

shall also be considered incidental, and shall not be considered an extra.

Potential pollutants that could enter the stormwater during construction include exposed soils, fuel and oil from leaking heavy equipment and vehicles. Equipment has the potential to leak fuel throughout the disturbed areas, or wherever construction is occurring. The contractors will inspect equipment before initiating construction and routinely thereafter. If leaks are discovered, they will be repaired before the equipment is used or new equipment will be brought to the site. Bulk Fuel storage on-site can leak and thereby be a pollutant. All Fuel storage tanks shall meet the minimum requirements of the Fuel Storage requirements.

Exposed soils also have potential for being eroded by water and wind and must be prevented from entering the stormwater system. The contractor will install silt fence, riprap, and ditch checks in areas designated on the site development plans.

CONSTRUCTION SITE STORMWATER RUNOFF CONTROL SUMMARY OF BASIC PRINCIPLES

1. Keep disturbed area as small as possible.

2. Stabilize and/or protect disturbed areas as soon as possible.

4. Retain sediment within immediate construction area.

3. Keep storm water runoff velocities low.

The purpose of this plan is to specify methods for construction site stormwater runoff control.

All soil erosion and sedimentation control devices shall be regularly maintained by the contractor through the duration of the project. Collected silt and sedimentation shall be removed as required to maintain the effectiveness of the silt traps or sedimentation control devices. The contractor shall replace filter materials which have become ineffective due to contamination or physical deterioration. The contractor shall inspect all stormwater runoff control devices weekly and after

The contractor shall have a log of maintenance and inspections, to be available at the site upon request of Local and State

If possible no grubbing should take place within 30' of an active watercourse.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

• Installation/implementation of storm water quality measures. Site Clearing/demolition activities.

 Topsoil removal and stockpiling. Mass grading.

Installation of underground utilities.

• Construction of dry-bottom storm water pond.

• Installation of curb and sidewalk. Construction of asphalt.

Final grading.

Permanent seeding/sod.

STORMWATER QUALITY CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

The sequence of when each measure will be implemented is summarized below.

• Post signed NOI, NPDES Permit number, NOS (when available), contact information for the site, municipal stormwater permit, and location where construction plans may be obtained in a visible location at entrance to site.

• Construct gravel construction entrance from the street to the building pad prior to construction.

• Install silt fence/fiber rolls prior to construction at construction limits.

• Construct refueling area and concrete washout area prior to construction.

 Install inlet protection at all inlets on property. • Perform topsoil removal and stockpiling. Soil stockpiles created on site to be protected from erosion with silt fence

around the base. • Perform mass grading of the site subgrade.

• Construct dry-bottom storm water pond to help provide the required storage needed to capture and treat storm water

• Establish permanent seeding on banks of pond to prevent the banks from degrading. • Construct diversion swales where required/shown to divert large amounts of runoff area to the storm water pond until

the storm sewer system is installed.

• Establish temporary seeding of diversion swales.

• Install pipe outlet/outfall from storm water pond to roadside ditch

• Establish connection between new storm sewer and existing storm sewer.

 Install underground utilities. • Establish temporary seeding and straw mulch on disturbed areas within 14 days.

• Re-seed any areas disturbed by construction and utilities installation with temporary seed mix within 3 days of completion of disturbance.

• Grade site to final elevations.

Install curb and sidewalk.

 Construct asphalt. Install permanent seeding or sod.

• Maintain temporary erosion control features until construction is complete.

• Remove temporary erosion control measures once permanent vegetative cover has been established.

• Submit the Notice of Termination for the Rule 5 permit. See attached details for acceptable erosion and sedimentation control installation methods.

TYPES OF CONTROL DEVICES

The Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control Plan involves the use of four types of control devices to manage runoff thereby assuring that runoff meets the current requirements for stormwater quality.

1. Erosion Control a. Chemical Stabilization b. Geotextiles c. Scour Stop d. Riprap e. Mulching f. Soil Roughening g. Topsoil Utilization h. Seeding i. Sodding 2. Runoff Control a. Check Dams b. Temporary Diversion Dikes c. GeoRidge Ditch Berms

3. Sediment Control a. Polymer Systems (Floc Logs) b. Fiber Rolls c. Sediment Basins d. Dewatering Bags e. Silt Fence f. Storm Drain Inlet Protection

h. Construction Entrance Mud Mats 4. Material Management (housekeeping) a. Concrete Washouts b. Spill Prevention and Control Plan c. Fuel Storage

g. Construction Entrances

d. Stockpiles e. Temporary Facilities f. Material Handling and Storage

SELF MONITORING PROGRAM

The contractor shall perform inspections weekly and after each storm event of 0.5" or more throughout the construction process for all Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control measures.

See the Maintenance Section under each measure, or follow the manufacturers recommendations for routine

The attached self monitoring form shall be used to monitor the Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control measures. A binder of the weekly forms shall be kept and available upon request. The contractors will inspect equipment before initiating construction and routinely thereafter to assure that mechanical equipment is not polluting the stormwater runoff.

Type of Inspection: Scheduled Weekly Rain Event

CONSTRUCTION SITE INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE LOG (To be Completed by Property Owner or Agent)

All stormwater pollution prevention BMPs shall be inspected and maintained as needed to ensure continued performance of their intended function during construction and shall continue until the entire site has been stabilized and a Notice of Termination has been issued. An inspection of the project site must be completed by the end of the next business day following each measurable storm event. If there are no measurable storm events within a given week, the site should be monitored at least once in that week. Maintenance and repair shall be conducted in accordance with the accepted site plans. This log shall be kept as a permanent record and must be made available to the Municipal Engineer, in an organized fashion, within forty-eight (48) hours upon

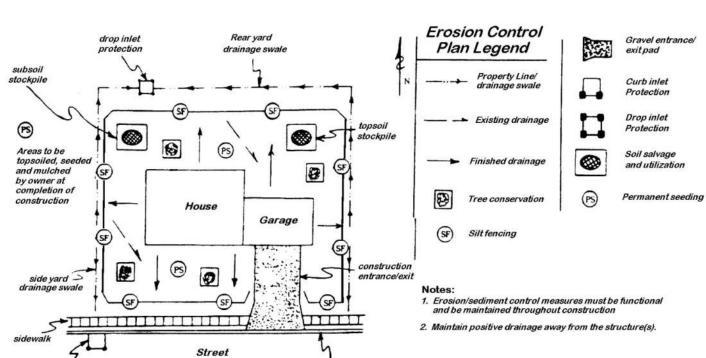
Yes	No	N/A	
			1. Are all sediment control barriers, inlet protection and silt fences in place and functioning properly?
		:	2. Are all erodible slopes protected from erosion through the implementation of acceptable soil stabilization practices?
			Are all dewatering structures functioning properly?
			Are all discharge points free of any noticeable pollutant discharges?
			5. Are all discharge points free of any noticeable erosion or sediment transport?
			6. Are designated equipment washout areas properly sited, clearly marked, and being utilized?
			7. Are construction staging and parking areas restricted to areas designated as such on the plans?
			Are temporary soil stockpiles in approved areas and properly protected?
			Are construction entrances properly installed and being used and maintained?
			10. Are "Do Not Disturb" areas designated on plan sheets clearly marked on-site and avoided?
			11. Are public roads at intersections with site access roads being kept clear of sediment, debris, and mud?
			12. Is spill response equipment on-site, logically located, and easily accessed in an emergency?
			13. Are emergency response procedures and contact information clearly posted?
			14. Is solid waste properly contained?
~	***************************************	I	15. Is a stable access provided to the solid waste storage and pick-up area?
	1	Ī	16. Are hazardous materials, waste or otherwise, being properly handled and stored?
	ļ	!	17. Have previously recommended corrective actions been implemented?

If you answered "no" to any of the above questions, describe any corrective action which must be taken to remedy the problem and when the corrective actions are to be completed.

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-	 	 ***************************************	***************************************	
-	 	 		
-				
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•				

SAMPLE EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE PLAN FOR A TYPICAL ONE OR TWO FAMILY DWELLING UNDER CONSTRUCTION



existing curb and gutter

POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

 After construction is completed, including buildings, parking lots constructed, and landscaping, the property owner will take possession of the property. When the property becomes occupied, it is no longer the responsibility of the developer to maintain the site. The responsibility for maintaining the permanent erosion and sediment control measures belongs to the current owner/s of the property. Pollutants associated with the proposed land use will most likely be very typical of commercial/retail developments. Most expected pollutants will be associated with automobiles: oil, grease, antifreeze, brake dust, rubber fragments, gasoline, diesel fuel, metals, and improper disposal of trash. It is the responsibility of the property owner/s or owners association to provide routine maintenance. Some maintenance items may include trimming vegetation, picking up litter, monitoring and cleaning catch basins, pond outlet structure and culverts. The sediment control basins protecting the stormwater quality of the site will require periodic cleaning of sediments that accumulate. After vegetation has been established, temporary erosion and sediment control measures such as silt fence and straw bales will be removed by the installing contractor.

• The plans make use of a detention pond system and green space to control the pollutants that occur after construction

activities conclude. • The post-construction stormwater quality measures will be installed as a part of the normal construction activities for the

site. They shall be fully operational, and complete at the completion of construction. • All storm water run-off shall be controlled by restrictors in the outfall pipes constructed as part of these engineering plans. The stormwater quality measures shall minimize the pollutants from stormwater run-off and therefore minimize adverse impacts to the receiving streams and riparian habitats.

• Green spaces - The green space areas of the site should receive routine fertilizing, watering, mowing and trimming to maintain a healthy landscape.

• Catch basins - Catch basins should be routinely inspected for build up of sediment. Mechanical cleaners or hand cleaning will be required to maintain the function of the catch basin.

• Storm drain flushing - In the event that the storm drains cease to function properly due to excessive sediment buildup, flushing of the storm drains may be required.

Native re-vegetation

 Pre-cast Storm Drain Covers • Grass swales - Grass swales should receive routine fertilizing, watering, mowing and trimming to maintain a healthy

> DVG Team Inc. has prepared this erosion and sedimentation control plan for the owner/developer in accordance with the known requirements and ordinances. It is the responsibility of the owner/developer for compliance with this erosion and sedimentation control plan and the related attachments by all subcontractors and consultants that perform work on the project site. The owner/developer is responsible for the routine inspection and maintenance of the erosion and sediment control measures. DVG Team Inc. is not responsible for the enforcement or compliance of the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan. Any additional erosion or sediment control measures beyond those specified in this plan, for unforeseen or unexpected situations, which may be required by the regulatory agencies shall be the responsibility of the owner/developer to implement.



FRANCISCAN HEALTH MUNSTER HOSPITAL **ADDITION** 701 Superior Ave, Munster, IN 46321

Prepared For FRANCISCAN HEALTH

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MUNSTER

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75 North Main Street

Minneapolis, MN 55343

Zionsville, IN 46077 Rippe Associates Food Service Design Consulting 10400 Yellow Circle Drive, Suite 100

Van Deusen Associates, Inc.

Vertical Transportation Consulting

No. Description Date

ISSUE FOR SITE REVIEW 2023-09-22

SCALE: 1" = NTS

1155 Troutwine Road

Crown Point, IN 46307 P: (219) 662-7710 F: (219) 662-2740 www.dvgteam.com

STORMWATER

Original is 48 x 36. Do not scale contents of this drawing. Sheet Number

EROSION CONTROL MEASURES

CHEMICAL STABILIZATION

SOFT PIABLE MATTING SUCH AS JUTE, COIR OR BURLAP, APPLIED POLYMER SYSTEMS, "SILT STOP" DRY POWER (OR APPROVED DETAIL SOURCE: NORTH AMERICAN GREEN COVERAGE: "SILT STOP" DRY POWDER IS A SOIL-SPECIFIC MATERIAL. A SOIL SAMPLE MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE MANUFACTURER TO DETERMINE PROPER APPLICATION RATES. INSTALLATION:

- PREPARE THE SITE BY FILLING IN GULLIES, RILLS AND LOW SPOTS. APPLY "SILT STOP" POWER (DRY) OVER DRY GROUND WITH A SEED/FERTILIZER SPREADER. SELECT THE TYPE AND WEIGHT OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKET TO FIT THE SITE CONDITIONS (e.g. SLOPE, CHANNEL
- AND FLOW VELOCITY).
- DURING VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT, INSPECT AFTER STORM EVENTS FOR ANY EROSION. IF ANY AREA SHOWS EROSION, REPAIR THE GRADE AND RE-APPLY "SILT STOP" POWDER AND RE-LAY AND STAPLE
- 3. AFTER VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT, CHECK THE TREATED AREA PERIODICALLY.

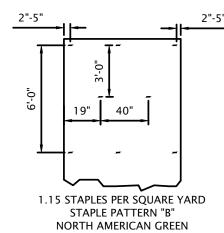
GEOTEXTILES

MATERIAL: NORTH AMERICAN GREEN - SC 150 or DS 150 BLANKET SC 150 WHEN PLACEMENT OCCURS IN THE FALL/WINTER AND WHEN DURABILITY IS REQUIRED DS 150 DEGRADES MORE RAPIDLY, ALLOWING FOR SOONER MOWING OF THE STABILIZED AREA

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (SURFACE-APPLIED)

ANCHORING: STAPLES AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. FOR NORTH AMERICAN GREEN, USE STAPLE PATTERN "B". SEE CHART

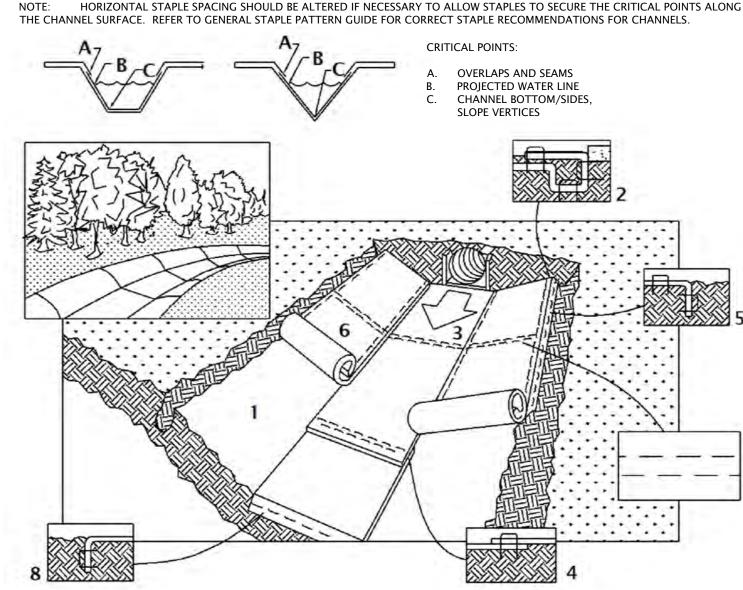
- . SELECT THE TYPE AND WEIGHT OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKET TO FIT THE SITE CONDITIONS (e.g. SLOPE, CHANNEL,
- INSTALL ANY PRACTICES NEEDED TO CONTROL EROSION AND RUNOFF, SUCH AS TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT DIVERSION, SEDIMENT BASIN OR TRAP, SILT FENCE, AND/OR STRAW BALE DAM.
- GRADE THE SITE AS SPECIFIED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLAN. ADD TOPSOIL WHERE APPROPRIATE.
- PREPARE THE SEEDBED, FERTILIZE (AND LIME IF NEEDED) AND SEED THE AREA IMMEDIATELY AFTER GRADING. FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S DIRECTIONS AND LAY THE BLANKETS ON THE SEEDED AREA SUCH THAT THEY ARE IN CONTINUOUS CONTACT WITH THE SOIL AND THAT THE UPSLOPE OR UPSTREAM ONES OVERLAP THE LOWER ONES BY
- 7. TUCK THE UPPERMOST EDGE OF THE UPPER BLANKETS INTO A CHECK SLOT (SLIT TRENCH), BACKFILL WITH SOIL, AND
- 8. ANCHOR THE BLANKETS AS SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER.
- DURING VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT, INSPECT AFTER STORM EVENTS FOR ANY EROSION BELOW THE BLANKET. IF ANY AREA SHOWS EROSION, PULL BACK THAT PORTION OF THE BLANKET COVERING IT, ADD SOIL, RE-SEED THE AREA, AND RE-LAY AND STAPLE THE BLANKET.
- AFTER VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT, CHECK THE TREATED AREA PERIODICALLY.



(NOT TO SCALE)

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (CHANNEL APPLICATION) DETAIL SOURCE: NORTH AMERICAN GREEN

NOTE: HORIZONTAL STAPLE SPACING SHOULD BE ALTERED IF NECESSARY TO ALLOW STAPLES TO SECURE THE CRITICAL POINTS ALONG



- PREPARE SOIL BEFORE INSTALLING BLANKETS, INCLUDING APPLICATION OF LIME, FERTILIZER AND SEED. BEGIN AT THE TOP OF THE CHANNEL BY ANCHORING THE BLANKET IN A 6-INCH DEEP BY 6-INCH WIDE TRENCH, BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE TRENCH AFTER STAPLING
- ROLL CENTER BLANKET IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW ON BOTTOM OF CHANNEL. PLACE BLANKETS END OVER END (SHINGLE-STYLE) WITH A 6-INCH OVERLAP. USE A DOUBLE ROW OF STAGGERED STAPLES 4 INCHES
- APART TO SECURE BLANKETS. FULL LENGTH EDGE OF BLANKETS AT THE TOP OF SIDE SLOPES MUST BE ANCHORED IN 6-INCH DEEP BY 6-INCH WIDE TRENCH. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE TRENCH AFTER STAPLING.
- BLANKETS ON SIDE SLOPES MUST BE OVERLAPPED 4 INCHES OVER THE CENTER OF BLANKET AND STAPLED (2 INCHES FOR C350 IN HIGH FLOW CHANNEL APPLICATIONS, A STAPLE CHECK SLOT IS RECOMMENDED AT 30 FT. TO 40 FT. INTERVALS. USE A ROW OF STAPLES 4 INCHES APART OVER ENTIRE WIDTH OF CHANNEL. PLACE A SECOND ROW 4 INCHES BELOW THE FIRST ROW IN A STAGGERED
- THE TERMINAL END OF THE BLANKETS MUST BE ANCHORED IN A 6-INCH DEEP BY 6-INCH WIDE TRNECH. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (SIDE SLOPE APPLICATION)

- REFER TO GENERAL STAPLE PATTERN GUIDE FOR CORRECT STAPLE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CHANNELS.
- PREPARE SOIL BEFORE INSTALLING BLANKETS INCLUDING APPLICATION OF LIME, FERTILIZER AND SEED. WHEN USING CELL-O-SEED, DO NOT SEED PREPARED AREA. CELL-O-SEED MUST BE INSTALLED WITH PAPER SIDE DOWN. BEGIN AT THE TOP OF THE SLOPE BY ANCHORING THE BLANKET 6-INCHEDEEP BY 6-INCH WIDE TRENCH. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE TRENCH AFTER STAPLING.
- ROLL THE BLANKETS DOWN OR HORIZONTALLY ACROSS THE SLOPE. THE EDGES OF PARALLEL BLANKETS MUST BE STAPLED WITH AN APPROXIMATELY 2-INCH OVERLAP.
- WHEN RIANKETS MIIST RESPLICED DOWN THE SLOPE PLACE RLANKETS END OVER END (SHINGLE-STYLE) WITH A APPROXIMATELY 4-INCH OVERLAP. STAPLE THROUGH OVERLAPPED AREA, APPROXIMATELY 12 INCHES APART.

RIP RAP AT PIPE OUTLET

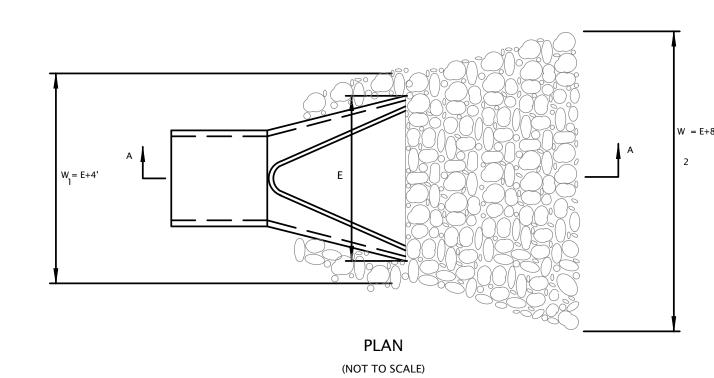
HARD, ANGULAR AND WEATHER-RESISTANT, HAVING A SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF AT LEAST 2.5 WELL-GRADED STONE, 50% (BY WEIGHT LARGER THAN THE SPECIFIED d50; HOWEVER, THE LARGEST PIECES SHOULD NOT EXCEED TWO TIMES THE SPECIFIED d50 AND NO MORE THAN 15% OF THE PIECES (BY WEIGHT) SHOULD BE LESS THAN 3 USE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC FOR STABILIZATION AND FILTRATION OR SAND/GRAVEL LAYER PLACED UNDER ALL PERMANENT RIP

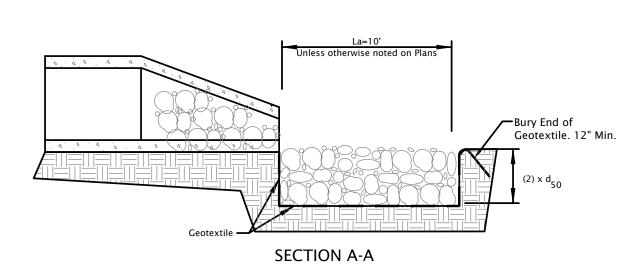
- RAP INSTALLATIONS. 2:1 OR FLATTER, UNLESS APPROVED IN THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN.
- REMOVE BRUSH, TREES, STUMPS AND OTHER DEBRIS. EXCAVATE ONLY DEEP ENOUGH FOR BOTH FILTER AND RIP RAP. OVER-EXCAVATION INCREASES THE AMOUNT OF COMPACT ANY FILL MATERIAL TO THE DENSITY OF THE SURROUNDING UNDISTURBED SOIL. SMOOTH THE GRADED FOUNDATION.
- FILTER PLACEMENT 1. IF USING GEOTEXTILE FABRIC, PLACE IT ON THE SMOOTHED FOUNDATION, OVERLAP THE EDGES AT LEAST 12 INCHES AND SECURE WITH ANCHOR PINS SPACED EVERY 3 FEET ALONG THE OVERLAP. 2. IF USING A SAND/GRAVEL FILTER, SPREAD THE WELL-GRADED AGGREGATE IN A UNIFORM LAYER TO THE REQUIRED THICKNESS (6 INCHES MINIMUM); IF TWO OR MORE LAYERS ARE SPECIFIED, PLACE THE LAYER OF SMALLER GRADATION FIRST AND AVOID MIXING THE LAYERS.
- RIP RAP PLACEMENT IMMEDIATELY AFTER INSTALLING THE FILTER, ADD THE RIP RAP TO FULL THICKNESS IN ONE OPERATION. DO NOT DUMP THROUGH CHUTES OR USE ANY METHOD THAT CAUSES SEGREGATION OF ROCK SIZES OR THAT WILL DISLODGE OR DAMAGE THE UNDERLYING FILTER MATERIAL. 2. IF FABRIC IS DAMAGED, REMOVE THE RIP RAP AND REPAIR BY ADDING ANOTHER LAYER OF FABRIC, OVERLAPPING THE DAMAGED AREA BY 12 INCHES.

3. PLACE SMALLER ROCK IN VOIDS TO FORM A DENSE, UNIFORM AND WELL-GRADED MASS. SELECTIVE LOADING AT THE

QUARRY AND SOME HAND PLACEMENT MAY BE NEEDED TO ENSURE AN EVEN DISTRIBUTION OF ROCK MATERIAL. 4. BLEND THE ROCK SURFACE SMOOTHLY WITH THE SURROUNDING AREA TO ELIMINATE PROTRUSIONS OR OVER-FALLS.

INSPECT PERIODICALLY FOR DISPLACED ROCK MATERIAL, SLUMPING AND EROSION AT EDGES, ESPECIALLY DOWN-STREAM OR DOWN-SLOPE.





(NOT TO SCALE)

SCOURSTOP TRANSITION MAT FOR SCOUR PROTECTION

SCOUR STOP TRANSITION MATS WH SHURTLEFF COMPANY 11 WALLACE AVENUE SOUTH PORTLAND, ME 04106 PUSH ON ONE-WAY STOP (800) 663-6149 WWW.WHSHURTLEFF.COM WASHER (>2.5" DIA.) TRANSITION MAT ─METAL SPADE

FIRST ROW OF SCOURSTOP MATS

SECTION ROW OF SCOURSTOP MATS

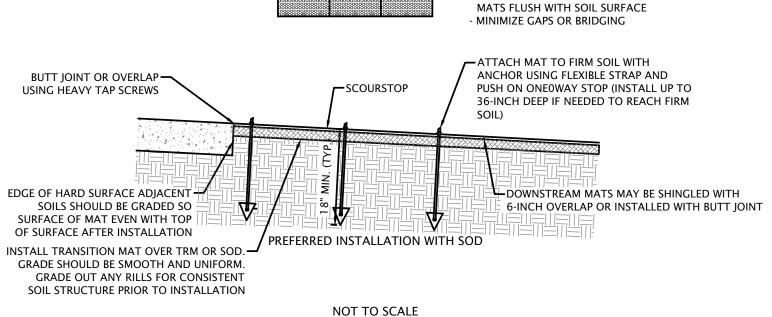
ANCHOR REQUIREMENTS*:

* TO ENSURE CONSISTENT CONTACT WITH THE SOIL, EXCEED THE MINIMUM ANCHOR REQUIREMENT AT INSTALLATION OR IMPROVE SOIL SURFACE SMOOTHNESS SHORELINE PROTECTION: 2ND OR 3RD HOLE FROM EDGE OVERLAP MATS TO MINIMIZE ANCHOR ANCHOR CONFIGURATION FOR SLOPES STEEPER REQUIREMENTS - TRANSITION MATS OVER A MINIMUM 8 OZ.

MINIMUM OF 8 ANCHORS

MINIMUM OF 5 ANCHORS

POSITION ANCHORS TO SECURE SCOURSTOP



INSTALLATION TO BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS' SPECIFICATIONS. DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS.

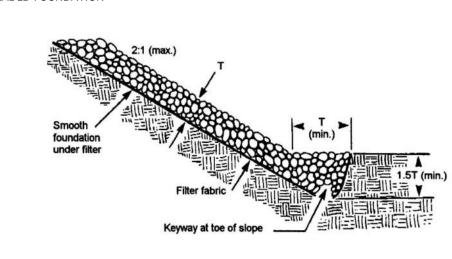
RIP-RAP FOR SCOUR PROTECTION

HARD, ANGULAR AND WEATHER-RESISTANT, HAVING A SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF AT LEAST 2.5 GRADATION: WELL-GRADED STONE, 50% (BY WEIGHT LARGER THAN THE SPECIFIED d50; HOWEVER, THE LARGEST PIECES SHOULD NOT EXCEED TWO TIMES THE SPECIFIED d50 AND NO MORE THAN 15% OF THE PIECES (BY WEIGHT) SHOULD BE LESS

FILTER: USE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC FOR STABILIZATION AND FILTRATION OR SAND/GRAVEL LAYER PLACED UNDER ALL PERMANENT RIP RAP INSTALLATIONS. 2:1 OR FLATTER, UNLESS APPROVED IN THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN. MINIMUM THICKNESS: TWO TIMES THE SPECIFIED d50 STONE DIAMETER.

SUBGRADE PREPARATION REMOVE BRUSH, TREES, STUMPS AND OTHER DEBRIS.

- EXCAVATE ONLY DEEP ENOUGH FOR BOTH FILTER AND RIP RAP. OVER-EXCAVATION INCREASES THE AMOUNT OF SPOIL CONSIDERABLY
- COMPACT ANY FILL MATERIAL TO THE DENSITY OF THE SURROUNDING UNDISTURBED SOIL. CUT KEYWAY IN STABLE MATERIAL AT THE BASE OF THE SLOPE TO REINFORCE TOE. KEYWAY DEPTH SHOULD BE 1.5 TIMES THE DESIGN THICKNESS OF THE RIP RAP AND SHOULD EXTEND A HORIZONTAL DISTANCE EQUAL TO THE DESIGN THICKNESS. SMOOTH THE GRADED FOUNDATION



FILTER PLACEMENT

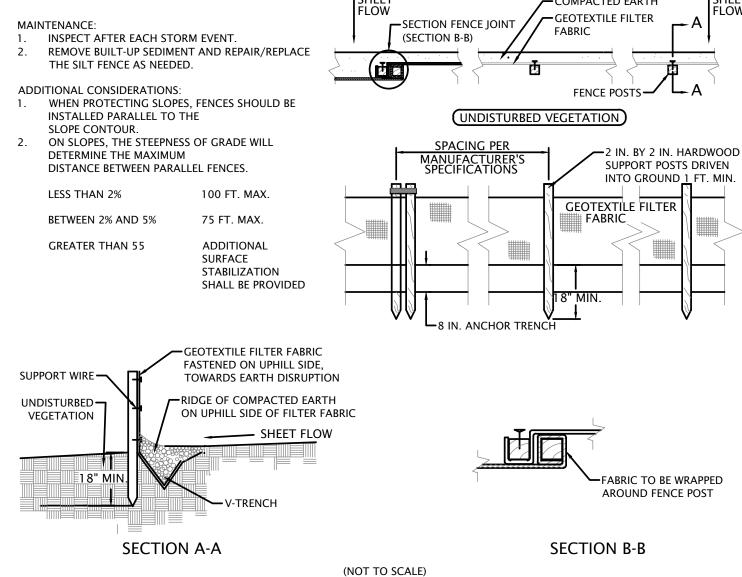
- IF USING GEOTEXTILE FABRIC, PLACE IT ON THE SMOOTHED FOUNDATION, OVERLAP THE EDGES AT LEAST 12 INCHES AND SECURE WITH ANCHOR PINS SPACED EVERY 3 FEET ALONG THE OVERLAP. IF USING A SAND/GRAVEL FILTER, SPREAD THE WELL-GRADED AGGREGATE IN A UNIFORM LAYER TO THE REQUIRED THICKNESS (6 INCHES MINIMUM); IF TWO OR MORE LAYERS ARE SPECIFIED, PLACE THE LAYER OF SMALLER GRADATION FIRST AND AVOID MIXING THE LAYERS.
- IMMEDIATELY AFTER INSTALLING THE FILTER, ADD THE RIP RAP TO FULL THICKNESS IN ONE OPERATION. DO NOT DUMP THROUGH CHUTES OR USE ANY METHOD THAT CAUSES SEGREGATION OF ROCK SIZES OR THAT WILL DISLODGE OR DAMAGE THE UNDERLYING FILTER MATERIAL. 2. IF FABRIC IS DAMAGED, REMOVE THE RIP RAP AND REPAIR BY ADDING ANOTHER LAYER OF FABRIC, OVERLAPPING THE DAMAGED AREA BY 12 INCHES.
- 3. PLACE SMALLER ROCK IN VOIDS TO FORM A DENSE, UNIFORM AND WELL-GRADED MASS. SELECTIVE LOADING AT THE QUARRY AND SOME HAND PLACEMENT MAY BE NEEDED TO ENSURE AN EVEN DISTRIBUTION OF ROCK MATERIAL. 4. BLEND THE ROCK SURFACE SMOOTHLY WITH THE SURROUNDING AREA TO ELIMINATE PROTRUSIONS OR OVER-FALLS. MAINTENANCE
- INSPECT PERIODICALLY FOR DISPLACED ROCK MATERIAL, SLUMPING AND EROSION AT EDGES, ESPECIALLY DOWN-STREAM OR DOWN-SLOPE.

SILT FENCE

INSTALLATION:

POOL AREA FLAT (LESS THAN 1% SLOPE), WITH SEDIMENT STORAGE OF 945 CU.FT./ACRE DISTURBED. ECONOMY BLUE STRIPE SILT FENCE WITH POSTS, MANUFACTURED BY MIDWEST CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS AT (800) 532-2381 OR APPROVED EQUAL. ANCHORING: 2 INCH BY 2 INCH HARDWOOD STAKES WITH A LENGTH EQUAL TO THE HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE PLUS 1 FOOT.

1. DRIVE STAKES 1 FT. (MINIMUM) INTO GROUND AND ATTACH FABRIC TO STAKES WITH STAPLER. BOTTOM OF FABRIC SHALL BE PLACED UNDER 6 INCHES COMPACTED SOIL TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FLOW UNDERNEATH THE FENCE. . ENSURE THAT ALL SUPPORTING POSTS ARE ON THE DOWN SLOPE SIDE OF THE FENCING.

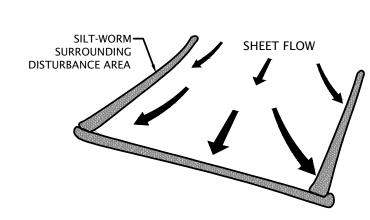


SILT-WORM

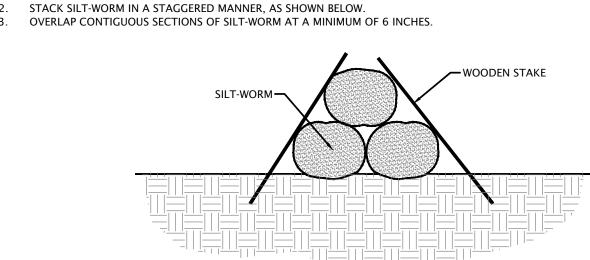
MATERIAL: SILT-WORM OR APPROVED EQUAL DIAMETER: 9 INCHES MINIMUM

PERIMETER CONTROL INSTALLATION:

. PLACE SILT-WORM DIRECLY ON TOP OF GRADE FOR GRADES UNDER 12%. ARRANGE PERIMETER CONTROL IN A MANNER THAT IS APPLIED PERPENDICULAR TO SHEET FLOW. . OVERLAP CONTIGUOUS SECTIONS OF SILT WORM AT A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES.

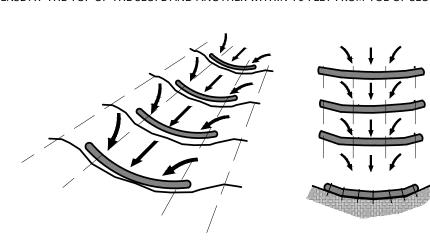


INSTALLATION: 1. PLACE SILT-WORM DIRECTLY ON TOP OF GRADE FOR GRADES UNDER 12%.



SLOPE INTERRUPTION / DITCH CHECK

1. PLACE SILT-WORM PERPENDICULAR TO SHEET FLOW AND CURL ENDS UP TOWARD TOP OF SLOPE. STAKE THE SILT-WORM EVERY 4 FEET AND OVERLAP THE ENDS BETWEEN 1 AND 2 FEET. PLACE A LINE OF DEFENSE AT THE TOP OF THE SLOPE AND ANOTHER WITHIN 10 FEET FROM TOE OF SLOPE.



SPACING FOR SLOPE APPLICATION					
SLOPE	9-inch	12-inch	18-inch	24-inch	
2% or less	70 ft.	80 ft.	N/A	N/A	
5%	30 ft.	60 ft.	80 ft.	N/A	
10%	20 ft.	30 ft.	70 ft.	80 ft.	
6:1	N/A	20 ft.	40 ft.	55 ft.	
4:1	N/A	20 ft.	30 ft.	30 ft.	
3:1	N/A	N/A	20 ft.	25 ft.	
2:1	N/A	N/A	20 ft.	20 ft.	



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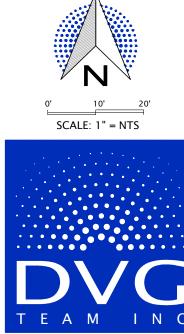
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STORMWATER

POLLUTION PREVENTION

Original is 48 x 36. Do not scale contents of this drawing.

Sheet Number

EROSION CONTROL MEASURES (continued) MULCHING

MATERIAL: STRAW, HAY, WOOD FIBER, CELLULOSE OR EXCELSIOR OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS

OR TURF REINFORCEMENT MATS, AS SPECIFIED IN THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN COVERAGE: AT LEAST 75% OF THE SOIL SURFACE

ANCHORING: REQUIRED FOR STRAW OR HAY MULCH AND SOMETIMES EXCELSIOR TO PREVENT DISPLACEMENT BY WIND AND/OR WATER SHOULD BE DRY, UNCHOPPED, FREE OF UNDESIRABLE SPREAD BY HAND OR ANCHORED

MUST BE CRIMPED OR ANCHORED

APPLY WITH A HYDROMULCHER AND USE WITH TACKING

OPERATE DOZER UP AND DOWN SLOPE, NOT ACROSS OR

APPLY 1 TO 2 TONS/ACRE USING A HYDROMULCHER AT A

SUITABLE EQUIPMENT AT A RATE OF 0.05 GAL/SY. DO NOT

APPLY OVER MULCH AND STAPLE WITH 6 TO 8 INCH WIRE STAPLES. FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS

FOR INSTALLATION. BEST SUITED TO SLOPE APPLICATION.

RATE OF 750 LBS./ACRE WITH A TACKING AGENT (OR ACCORDING TO CONTRACTOR SPECIFICATIONS). DO NOT

ELSE THE TRACKS WILL FORM RILLS.

USE IN AREAS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW.

USE IN AREAS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW.

APPLY ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS

EMULSIFIED ASPHALT SHOULD CONFORM TO THE

REQUIREMENTS OF ASTEM SPEC. #977. APPLY WITH

INSTALLATION:

APPLY MULCH AT THE RECOMMENDED RATE. SPREAD UNIFORMLY BY HAND, HAY FORK, MULCH BLOWER OR HYDROMULCHER. AFTER SPREADING, NO MORE THAN 25% OF THE

LONG FIBER WOOD (EXCELSIOR) 0.5 TO 0.75 TON/ACRE ANCHOR IN AREAS SUBJECT TO WIND

GROUND SURFACE SHOULD BE VISIBLE. 3. IF STRAW OR HAY IS USED, ANCHOR IT IMMEDIATELY IN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING WAYS:

WOOD FIBER OF CELLULOSE 1 TON/ACRE

DURING VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT, INSPECT AFTER STORM EVENTS FOR ANY EROSION.

IF ANY AREA SHOWS EROSION, REPAIR THE GRADE AND RE-APPLY "SILT STOP" POWDER AND RE-LAY AND STAPLE

3. AFTER VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT, CHECK THE TREATED AREA PERIODICALLY. ANCHORING METHOD

HOW TO APPLY CRIMP OR PUNCH THE STRAW OR HAY INTO THE SOIL 2 TO FARM DISK (DULL, SERRATED AND 4 INCHES. OPERATE MACHINERY ON THE CONTOUR OF SET STRAIGHT)

CLEATING WITH DOZER TRACKS WOOD HYDROMULCH FIBERS

ASPHALT EMULSION SYNTHETIC TACKIFIER, BINDER OR

SOIL STABILIZER BIODEGRADABLE NETTING (POLYPROPYLENE OR SIMILAR MATERIAL)*

3. CONTINUE INSPECTIONS UNTIL VEGETATION IS FIRMLY ESTABLISHED.

* INSTALL THE NETTING IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLYING THE MULCH. IN AREAS OF CONCENTRATED WATER FLOW. LAY NETTING PARALLEL TO THE DIRECTION OF FLOW. ON OTHER SLOPES, LAY NETTING EITHER PARALLEL OR PERPENDICULAR TO DIRECTION OF FLOW. EDGES OF ADJACENT NETTING STRIPS SHOULD OVERLAP 4 TO 6 INCHES WITH THE STRIP ON THE

UPGRADE SIDE OF ANY LATERAL WATER FLOW ON TOP. INSTALLATION DETAILS ARE SITE SPECIFIC, SO FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S DIRECTIONS. MAINTENANCE: INSPECT AFTER STORM EVENTS TO CHECK FOR MOVEMENT OF MULCH OR FOR EROSION. IF WASHOUT, BREAKAGE, OR EROSION IS PRESENT, REPAIR THE SURFACE, THEN RE-SEED, RE-MULCH AND, IF APPLICABLE, INSTALL NEW NETTING

SOIL ROUGHENING

SOIL ROUGHENING IS A TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL PRACTICE OFTEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH GRADING. SOIL ROUGHENING INVOLVES INCREASING THE RELIEF OF A BARE SOIL SURFACE WITH HORIZONTAL GROOVES BY EITHER STAIR-STEPPING (RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE LAND) OR USING CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT TO TRACK THE SURFACE. SLOPES THAT ARE NOT FINE GRADED AND LEFT IN A ROUGHENED CONDITION CAN ALSO REDUCE EROSION. SOIL ROUGHENING REDUCES RUNOFF VELOCITY, INCREASES INFILTRATION, REDUCES EROSION, TRAPS SEDIMENT, AND PREPARES THE SOIL FOR SEEDING AND PLANTING BY GIVING SEED AN OPPORTUNITY TO TAKE HOLD AND GROW.

APPLICABILITY: SOIL ROUGHENING IS APPROPRIATE FOR ALL SLOPES, BUT WORKS ESPECIALLY WELL ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, ON PILES OF EXCAVATED SOIL. AND IN AREAS WITH HIGHLY ERODIBLE SOILS. THIS TECHNIQUE IS ESPECIALLY APPROPRIATE FOR SOILS THAT ARE FREQUENTLY DISTURBED, BECAUSE ROUGHENING IS RELATIVELY EASY. TO SLOW EROSION, ROUGHEN THE SOIL AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE VEGETATION HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM THE SLOPE OR IMMEDIATELY AFTER GRADING ACTIVITIES HAVE CEASED (TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY). USE THIS PRACTICE IN CONJUNCTION WITH SEEDING, PLANTING, AND TEMPORARY MULCHING TO STABILIZE AN AREA. A COMBINATION OF SURFACE ROUGHENING AND VEGETATION IS APPROPRIATE FOR STEEPER SLOPES AND SLOPES THAT WILL BE LEFT BARE FOR

SITING AND DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS:

LONGER PERIODS OF TIME.

ROUGHENED SLOPE SURFACES HELP ESTABLISH VEGETATION, IMPROVE INFILTRATION, AND DECREASE RUNOFF VELOCITY. A ROUGH SOIL SURFACE ALLOWS SURFACE PONDING THAT PROTECTS LIME, FERTILIZER, AND SEED AND DECREASES EROSION POTENTIAL. GROOVES IN THE SOIL ARE COOLER AND PROVIDE MORE FAVORABLE MOISTURE CONDITIONS THAN HARD, SMOOTH SURFACES. THESE CONDITIONS PROMOTE SEED GERMINATION AND VEGETATIVE GROWTH. AVOID EXCESSIVE SOIL COMPACTING, BECAUSE THIS INHIBITS VEGETATION GROWTH AND CAUSES HIGHER RUNOFF VELOCITY. LIMIT ROUGHENING WITH TRACKED MACHINERY TO SANDY SOILS THAT DO NOT COMPACT EASILY; ALSO, AVOID TRACKING ON HEAVY CLAY SOILS, ESPECIALLY WHEN WET. SEED ROUGHENED AREAS AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE, AND FOLLOW PROPER PROCEDURES.

DEPENDING ON THE TYPE OF SLOPE AND THE AVAILABLE EQUIPMENT, USE DIFFERENT METHODS FOR ROUGHENING SOIL ON A SLOPE. THESE INCLUDE STAIR-STEP GRADING, GROOVING, AND TRACKING. WHEN CHOOSING A METHOD, CONSIDER FACTORS SUCH AS SLOPE STEEPNESS, MOWING REQUIREMENTS, WHETHER THE SLOPE IS FORMED BY CUTTING OR FILLING, AND AVAILABLE EQUIPMENT. CHOOSE FROM THE FOLLOWING METHODS FOR SURFACE ROUGHENING: • CUT SLOPE ROUGHENING FOR AREAS THAT WILL NOT BE MOWED. USE STAIR-STEP GRADES OR GROOVE-CUT SLOPES FOR GRADIENTS

STEEPER THAN 3:1. USE STAIR-STEP GRADING ON ANY ERODIBLE MATERIAL THAT IS SOFT ENOUGH TO BE RIPPED WITH A BULLDOZER. ALSO, IT IS WELL SUITED FOR SLOPES CONSISTING OF SOFT ROCK WITH SOME SUBSOIL, MAKE THE VERTICAL CUT DISTANCE LESS THAN THE HORIZONTAL DISTANCE, AND SLOPE THE HORIZONTAL PORTION OF THE STEP SLIGHTLY TOWARD THE VERTICAL WALL. KEEP INDIVIDUAL VERTICAL CUTS LESS THAN 2 FEET DEEP IN SOFT MATERIALS AND LESS THAN 3 FEET DEEP IN ROCKY MATERIALS. GROOVING. THIS TECHNIQUE USES MACHINERY TO CREATE A SERIES OF RIDGES AND DEPRESSIONS THAT RUN ACROSS THE SLOPE

AND LESS THAN 15 INCHES APART. FILL SLOPE ROUGHENING FOR AREAS THAT WILL NOT BE MOWED. FILL SLOPES WITH A GRADIENT STEEPER THAN 3:1 SHOULD BE PLACED IN LIFTS LESS THAN 9 INCHES, AND PROPERLY COMPACT EACH LIFT. THE FACE OF THE SLOPE SHOULD CONSIST OF LOOSE,

ALONG THE CONTOUR. MAKE GROOVES USING ANY APPROPRIATE IMPLEMENT THAT CAN BE SAFELY OPERATED ON THE SLOPE, SUCH AS

DISKS, TILLERS, SPRING HARROWS, OR THE TEETH ON A FRONT-END LOADER BUCKET. MAKE THE GROOVES LESS THAN 3 INCHES DEEP

UNCOMPACTED FILL 4 TO 6 INCHES DEEP. IF NECESSARY, ROUGHEN THE FACE OF THE SLOPES BY GROOVING THE SURFACE AS DESCRIBED ABOVE. DO NOT BLADE OR SCRAPE THE FINAL SLOPE FACE. • CUTS, FILLS, AND GRADED AREAS THAT WILL BE MOWED. MAKE MOWED SLOPES NO STEEPER THAN 3:1. ROUGHEN THESE AREAS WITH

SHALLOW GROOVES LESS THAN 10 INCHES APART AND DEEPER THAN 1 INCH USING NORMAL TILLING, DISKING, OR HARROWING EQUIPMENT (A CULTIPACKER-SEEDER CAN ALSO BE USED). EXCESSIVE ROUGHNESS IS UNDESIRABLE WHERE MOWING IS PLANNED. ROUGHENING WITH TRACKED MACHINERY. TO AVOID UNDUE COMPACTION OF THE SOIL SURFACE, LIMIT ROUGHENING WITH TRACKED

MACHINERY ONLY TO SANDY SOILS. OPERATE TRACKED MACHINERY PERPENDICULARLY TO THE SLOPE TO LEAVE HORIZONTAL

LIMITATIONS: SOIL ROUGHENING IS NOT APPROPRIATE FOR ROCKY SLOPES. TRACKED MACHINERY CAN EXCESSIVELY COMPACT THE SOIL. TYPICALLY, SOIL ROUGHENING IS EFFECTIVE ONLY FOR GENTLE OR SHALLOW DEPTH RAINS. IF ROUGHENING IS WASHED AWAY IN A HEAVY STORM,

DEPRESSIONS IN THE SOIL. TRACKING IS GENERALLY NOT AS EFFECTIVE AS OTHER ROUGHENING METHODS.

USUALLY ONLY A FEW INCHES DEEP) APPEAR, FILL, REGRADE, AND RESEED THEM IMMEDIATELY. USE PROPER METHODS.

MAINTENANCE CONSIDERATIONS:

INSPECT ROUGHENED AREAS AFTER STORMS TO SEE IF RE-ROUGHENING IS NEEDED. REGULAR INSPECTION SHOULD INDICATE WHERE

ADDITIONAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ARE NEEDED. IF RILLS (SMALL WATERCOURSES THAT HAVE STEEP SIDES AND ARE

SOIL ROUGHENING PROVIDES MODERATE EROSION PROTECTION FOR BARE SOILS WHILE VEGETATIVE COVER IS BEING ESTABLISHED. IT IS

INEXPENSIVE AND SIMPLE FOR SHORT-TERM EROSION CONTROL WHEN USED WITH OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS.

TOPSOIL (SALVAGE AND UTILIZATION)

SALVAGING AND STOCKPILING: DETERMINE DEPTH AND SUITABILITY OF TOPSOIL AT THE SITE. PRIOR TO STRIPPING TOPSOIL, INSTALL ANY SITE-SPECIFIC DOWNSLOPE PRACTICES NEEDED TO CONTROL RUNOFF AND SEDIMENTATION. REMOVE THE SOIL MATERIAL NO DEEPER THAN WHAT THE COUNTY SOIL SURVEY DESCRIBES AS "SURFACE SOIL" (i.e., A OR AP HORIZON). STOCKPILE THE MATERIAL IN ACCESSIBLE LOCATIONS THAT NEITHER INTERFERE WITH OTHER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES NOR BLOCK NATURAL DRAINAGE; AND INSTALL SILT FENCES, STRAW BALES, OR OTHER BARRIERS TO TRAP SEDIMENT. (SEVERAL SMALLER PILES AROUND THE CONSTRUCTION SITE ARE USUALLY MORE EFFICIENT AND EASIER TO CONTAIN THAN ONE LARGE PILE.) IF SOIL IS STOCKPILED FOR MORE THAN 6 MOS., IT SHOULD BE TEMPORARILY SEEDED OR COVERED WITH A TARP OR SURROUNDED BY A SEDIMENT

PRIOR TO APPLYING TOPSOIL, GRADE THE SUBSOIL AND ROUGHEN THE TOP 3-4 IN. BY DISKING. THIS HELPS THE TOPSOIL BOND WITH THE SUBSOIL. DO NOT APPLY TOPSOIL WHEN THE SITE IS WET, MUDDY OR FROZEN, BECAUSE IT MAKES SPREADING DIFFICULT,

INHIBITS BONDING, AND CAN CAUSE COMPACTION PROBLEMS. APPLY TOPSOIL EVENLY TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST 4 IN. (8-12 IN. IF THE UNDERLYING MATERIAL IS BEDROCK, LOOSE SAND, ROCK FRAGMENTS, GRAVEL OR OTHER UNSUITABLE SOIL MATERIAL) COMPACT SLIGHTLY TO IMPROVE CONTACT WITH THE SUBSOIL. 4. AFTER SPREADING, GRADE AND STABILIZE.

INSPECT NEWLY TOPSOILED AREAS FREQUENTLY UNTIL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED. REPAIR ERODED OR DAMAGED AREAS AND REPLANT.

TEMPORARY SEEDING

1. THESE INSTALLATION PRACTICES ARE NEEDED TO CONTROL EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND WATER RUNOFF, SUCH AS TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT DIVERSIONS, SEDIMENT TRAPS OR BASINS, SILT FENCES, AND TRIANGULAR SILT DIKES. GRADE THE SITE AS SPECIFIED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLAN.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: FERTILIZE AS REQUIRED. WORK THE FERTILIZER INTO THE SOIL 2-4 IN. DEEP WITH A DISK OR RAKE OPERATED ACROSS THE SLOPE

SELECT A SEEDING MIXTURE AND RATE FROM THE TABLE AND PLANT AT DEPTH AND ON DATES SHOWN. APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH A DRILL OR CULTIPACKER-SEEDER OR BY BROADCASTING, AND COVER TO THE DEPTH SHOWN.

IF DRILLING OR BROADCASTING, FIRM THE SEEDBED WITH A ROLLER OR CULTIPACKER. MULCH SEEDED AREAS TO INCREASE SEEDING SUCCESS. SEED ALL AREAS OF BARE SOIL THAT WILL REMAIN INACTIVE FOR 14 DAYS OR MORE

INSPECT PERIODICALLY AFTER PLANTING TO SEE THAT VEGETATIVE STANDS ARE ADEQUATELY ESTABLISHED, RE-SEED IF NECESSARY. CHECK FOR EROSION DAMAGE AFTER STORM EVENTS AND REPAIR, RESEED AND MULCH IF NECESSARY. TOP-DRESS FALL SEEDED WHEAT OR RYE SEEDING WITH 50 LBS./ACRE OF NITROGEN IN FEBRUARY OR MARCH IF NITROGEN DEFICIENCY IS APPARENT.

SEED SPECIES	RATE/ACRE	PLANTING DEPTH	OPTIMUM DATES**
WHEAT OR RYE	150 LBS.	1 TO 1.5 INCHES	SEPTEMBER 15 TO OCTOBER 30
SPRING OATS	100 LBS.	1 INCH	MARCH 1 TO APRIL 15
ANNUAL RYEGRASS	40 LBS.	0.25 INCH	MARCH 1 TO MAY 1
			AUGUST 1 TO SEPTEMBER 1
GERMAN MILLET	40 LBS.	1 TO 2 INCHES	MAY 1 TO JUNE 1
SUDANGRASS	35 LBS.	1 TO 2 INCHES	MAY 1 TO JULY 30

PERMANENT SEEDING

PERMANENTLY SEED ALL FINAL GRADE AREAS (E.G., LANDSCAPE BERMS, DRAINAGE SWALES, EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES, ETC.) AS EACH IS COMPLETED AND ALL AREAS WHERE ADDITIONAL WORK IS NOT SCHEDULED FOR A PERIOD OF MORE THAN A YEAR.

THESE INSTALLATION PRACTICES ARE NEEDED TO CONTROL EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND WATER RUNOFF, SUCH AS TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT DIVERSIONS, SEDIMENT TRAPS OR BASINS, SILT FENCES, AND TRIANGULAR SILT DIKES.

GRADE THE SITE AS SPECIFIED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLAN AND FILL IN DEPRESSIONS THAT CAN COLLECT WATER. ADD TOPSOIL TO ACHIEVE NEEDED DEPTH FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION.

TILL THE SOIL TO OBTAIN A UNIFORM SEEDBED, WORKING THE FERTILIZER INTO THE SOIL 2-4 IN. DEEP WITH A DISK OR RAKE OPERATED ACROSS THE

OPTIMUM SEEDING DATES ARE MARCH 1-MAY 10 AND AUGUST 10-SEPTEMBER 30. PERMANENT SEEDING DONE BETWEEN MAY 10 AND AUGUST 10 MAY NEED TO BE IRRIGATED. AS AN ALTERNATIVE, USE TEMPORARY SEEDING UNTIL THE PREFERRED DATE FOR PERMANENT SEEDING. SELECT A SEEDING MIXTURE AND RATE FROM THE TABLE AND PLANT AT DEPTH AND ON DATES SHOWN. APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH A DRILL OR CULTIPACKER-SEEDER OR BY BROADCASTING, AND COVER TO THE DEPTH SHOWN.

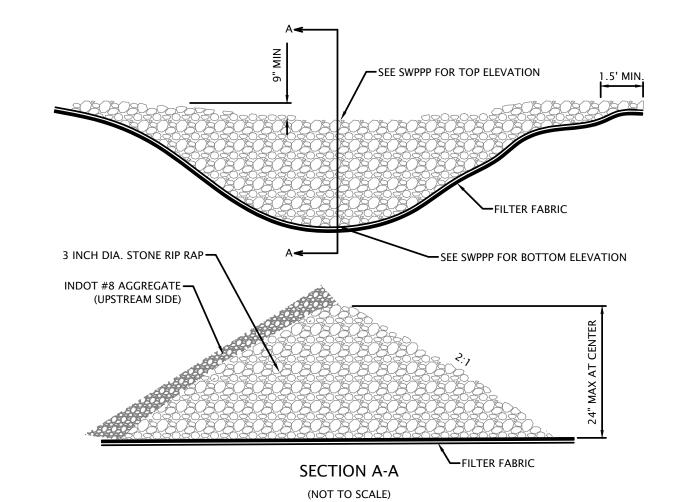
IF DRILLING OR BROADCASTING, FIRM THE SEEDBED WITH A ROLLER OR CULTIPACKER. MULCH SEEDED AREAS. USE EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON SLOPING AREAS. IF SEEDING IS DONE WITH A HYDROSEEDER, FERTILIZER AND MULCH CAN BE APPLIED WITH THE SEED IN A SLURRY MIXTURE.

INSPECT PERIODICALLY AFTER PLANTING TO SEE THAT VEGETATIVE STANDS ARE ADEQUATELY ESTABLISHED, RE-SEED CHECK FOR EROSION DAMAGE AFTER STORM EVENTS AND REPAIR, RESEED AND MULCH IF NECESSARY.

PERMANENT SEEDING RECOMMENDATIONS THIS TABLE PROVIDES SEVERAL SEEDING OPTIONS. ADDITIONAL SEED SPECIES AND MIXTURES ARE AVAILABLE COMMERCIALLY. WHEN SELECTING A MIXTURE, CONSIDER SITE CONDITIONS, INCLUDING SOIL PROPERTIES (E.G., SOIL PH AND DRAINAGE), SLOPE ASPECT AND THE TOLERANCE OF EACH SPECIES TO SHADE AND DROUGHT.

SEED SPECIES AND MIXTURES	RATE/ACRE	OPTIMUM SOIL pH
OPEN AND DISTURBED AREAS (REMAINING IDLE	FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR)	
PERENNIAL RYEGRASS	30 TO 50 LBS.	5.6 TO 7.0
+ WHITE OR LADINO DOVER	1 TO 2 LBS.	
KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS	20 LBS.	5.5 TO 7.5
+ SMOOTH BROMEGRASS	10 LBS.	
+ SWITCHGRASS	3 LBS.	
+ TIMOTHY	4 LBS.	
+ PERENNIAL RYEGRASS	10 LBS.	
+ WHITE OR LADINO DOVER	1 TO 2 LBS.	

RUNOFF CONTROL MEASURES RIP-RAP CHECK DAMS

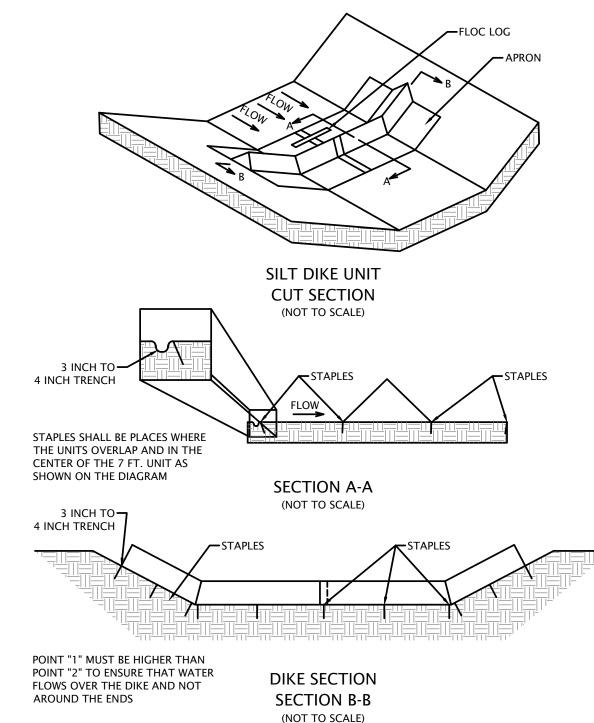


INSPECT AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. REMOVE BUILT-UP SEDIMENT AND REPAIR/REPLACE THE CHECK DAMS AS NEEDED.

TRIANGULAR SILT FENCE DIKE - CHECK DAMS

THE TRIANGULAR-SHAPED INNER MATERIAL SHALL BE URETHANE FORM. THE OUTER COVER SHALL BE A WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC PLACED AROUND THE INNER MATERIAL AND ALLOWED TO EXTEND BEYOND BOTH SIDES OF THE TRIANGLE 2 TO 3 FEET THE DIKES SHALL BE ATTACHED TO THE GROUND WITH WIRE STAPLES. THE STAPLES SHALL BE #11 GAUGE WIRE AND BE AT LEAST 6 TO 8 INCHES LONG. STAPLES SHALL BE PLACED AS INDICATED ON THE INSTALLATION DETAIL.

PLACE TRIANGULAR SILT FENCE DIKE AS REQUIRED. ATTACHED DIKES TO THE GROUND WITH STAPLES AS INDICATED ON THE DETAIL.



INSPECT AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. REMOVE BUILT-UP SEDIMENT AND REPAIR/REPLACE THE CHECK DAMS AS NEEDED.

GEORIDGE DITCH BERM - CHECK DAMS

GEORIDGE OR GEORIDGE BIO BY NILEX PRODUCTS. AN HOPE PRODUCT THAT SERVES TO DISSIPATE WATER ENERGY WITHIN A DITCH OR CHANNEL. GEORIDGE IS TO BE USED IN APPLICATIONS WHERE THE MEASURE WILL BE REMOVED AFTER THE CHANNEL IS STABILIZED.

GEORIDGE BIO CAN BE USED WHEN THE MEASURE CAN BE LEFT TO DECOMPOSE IN LIEU OF BEING REMOVED. 1. PLACE AN EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (ECB), LAID PARALLEL WITH THE CHANNEL DIRECTION, IN THE AREA WHERE THE GEORIDGE IS TO BE PLACED. ECB SHALL BE APPROPRIATE FOR THE CHANNEL SLOPE, VOLUME AND VELOCITY. ECB SHALL BE SECURED WITH A 4" TRENCH AT THE UPSTREAM EDGE, WITH MINIMUM 6-INCH STAPLES PLACED 21-INCH O.C. ALONG THE UPSTREAM AND PLACE GEORIDGE BERM IN THE MIDDLE OF THE ECB, PERPENDICULAR TO THE CHANNEL FLOW DIRECTION, AND ANCHOR WITH 10-INCH SPIRAL SPIKES. A MINIMUM OF 3 ANCHORS SHALL BE USED ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE AND 2 ANCHORS ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE. IF MORE THAN ONE GEORIDGE BERM PANEL IS REQUIRED TO SPAN THE CHANNEL, LINE UP THE ANCHORING HOLES FOR INSTALLATION OF THE ANCHORS. WHEN PLACING THE GEORIDGE PANEL ON THE SIDE SLOPE OF THE CHANNEL, THE BOTTOM OF THE PANELS SHOULD MEET WITH THE RIDGE BEING

ADDITIONALLY, THE OUTSIDE EDGE OF THE PANEL ON THE SIDE SLOPE SHOULD BE INSTALLED SO THAT IT IS HIGHER THAN THE TOP OF THE PANEL IN THE CHANNEL BOTTOM. END ABOVE TOP OF RIDGE

4. THE SPACING IS CALCULATED BY DIVIDING THE HEIGHT OF THE GEORIDGE BY THE GRADIENT OF THE CHANNEL SLOPE. 9-INCH / 0.0.2 GRADIENT = 450 INCHES OR 37.5 FEET

INSPECT AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. REMOVE BUILT-UP SEDIMENT WHEN IT REACHES HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE GEORIDGE. REPAIR/REPLACE THE GEORIDGE AND THE EROSION CONTROL MAT AS NEEDED.

OVERLAPPED. THIS WILL PREVENT WATER FROM PASSING THROUGH THE BERM.

SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES **POLYMER SYSTEMS**

MATERIAL: APS 700 SERIES FLOC LOG OR EQUAL

HAS SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCED THE POND VOLUME.

1. THE FLOC LOG VENDOR SHALL SAMPLE THE WATER THAT IS TO BE TREATED WITH THE SYSTEM. THIS SAMPLE SHALL BE USED TO DETERMINE THE SITE-SPECIFIC POLYMER MIX THAT SHOULD BE USED. IN APPLICATIONS WHERE THE OBJECTIVE OF THIS MEASURE IS TO MEET THE TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF THE DETENTION POND; I.E. THE SIDE SLOPES ARE NOT FULLY STABILIZED, DEWATERING THE POND FOR FURTHER EXPANSION, ETC., THE FLOC LOG SHOULD BE

INSTALLED AT THE END OF THE OUTFALL PIPE AND A TEMPORARY MATERIAL SUCH AS GEOJUTE SHOULD BE PLACED DOWNSTREAM OF THE FLOC LOG PROVIDING A SEDIMENT SETTLING AREA. (SEE PLANS FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION LOCATIONS) IN APPLICATIONS WHERE THE OBJECTIVE OF THIS MEASURE IS TO MEET THE TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS REQUIREMENTS AFTER THE DETENTION POND IS COMPLETED, THE FLOC LOG SHOULD BE INSTALLED AT THE END OF THE INLET PIPES INTO THE DETENTION POND. THIS WILL CAUSE THE SEDIMENT TO SETTLE MORE QUICKLY IN THE WET DETENTION POND, PROVIDING A CLEANER DISCHARGE. (SEE PLANS FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION LOCATIONS). FOLLOWING THE USE OF THE FLOC LOG, THE SETTLED SEDIMENT WILL NEED TO BE REMOVED. THIS TEMPORARY SETTLING MEDIA REMOVED, OR THE DETENTION POND MIGHT NEED TO BE CLEANED IF SEDIMENT SETTLING

INSPECT AFTER STORM EVENTS TO CHECK FOR MOVEMENT OF MULCH OR FOR EROSION. IF WASHOUT, BREAKAGE, OR EROSION IS PRESENT IN THE SEDIMENT SETTLING MEDIA, REPAIR THE MEDIA. BE SURE THE FLOC LOG IS SECURE ATTACHED AT THE INSTALLED LOCATION, VERIFY THAT STORM WATER IS HAVING CONTACT WITH THE FLOC LOG.

FIBER ROLLS

TUBE SHAPED FIBER ROLLS FILLED WITH STRAW, FLAX, RICE, COCONUT FIBER MATERIAL, MULCH, OR COMPOSTED MATERIAL. EACH ROLL IS WRAPPED WITH UV-DEGRADABLE POLYPROPYLENE NETTING FOR LONGEVITY OR WITH 100 PERCENT BIODEGRADABLE MATERIALS LIKE BURLAP, JUTE, OR COIR.

1. INSTALL ROLLS PARALLEL WITH THE SLOPE CONTOUR, WITH THE ENDS SLIGHTLY LOWER THAN THE MID-SECTION, TO PREVENT WATER PONDING AT THE MID-SECTION. TURN THE ENDS SLIGHTLY UPSLOPE TO PREVENT WATER FROM BYPASSING THE EXCAVATE A TRENCH WITH A WIDTH AND DEPTH EQUAL TO ONE-FOURTH THE DIAMETER OF THE LOG.

WHERE APPLICABLE INSTALL THE MEASURE UPSLOPE OF A CURB OR SIDEWALK. PLACING THE MEASURE AGAINST THE CURB WILL PROVIDE ADDITIONAL STABILITY AND RESISTANCE TO SURFACE FLOW. PLACE ROLLS END TO END TO FORM A CONTINUOUS BARRIER. HARDWOOD STAKES SHALL BE DRIVEN THROUGH THE ROLLS, SPACED NO GREATER THAN 5' TO A DEPTH OF 18". THE FIBER ROLLS SHOULD BE FASTENED TO THE HARDWOOD STAKES WITH ROPE. BACKFILL THE TRENCH WITH EXCAVATED SOIL TO GROUND LEVEL ON THE DOWN-SLOPE SIDE AND 2" ABOVE GROUND LEVEL ON THE UP-SLOPE SIDE OF

1. THE ROLLS SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL EVENT. INSPECTION SHOULD INCLUDE IF THE MATERIAL'S DIAMETER IS LESS THAN SPECIFICATION AND IF THE OUTER NETTING HAS BEEN DEGRADED OR BROKEN. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT WHEN IT REACHES ONE-QUARTER OF THE HEIGHT OF THE ROLL.

REPAIR ERODED AND DAMAGED AREAS. 4. IF PONDING BECOMES EXCESSIVE, ROLLS SHOULD BE REMOVED AND EITHER RECONSTRUCTED OR NEW PRODUCT INSTALLED.

SEDIMENT BASINS/DETENTION PONDS

DEPRESSIONAL AREAS CONSTRUCTED AT THE OUTFALL OF PIPES, END OF CHANNELS, OR END OF SURFACE SHEET FLOW, WHICH SERVES TO

1. AT LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXCAVATE A SMALL BASIN. THE BASIN SIZE SHALL BE SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND IS DETERMINED BY THE VOLUME OF WATER TRIBUTARY TO THE BASIN. THE BASIN OVERFLOW ELEVATION SHALL BE LOWER THAN THE INCOMING WATER, 2. THE BASIN SHALL BE LINED WITH A GEOTEXTILE FABRIC, 9" OF 4" RIPRAP SHALL BE PLACED ALL AROUND THE INSIDE OF THE BASIN.

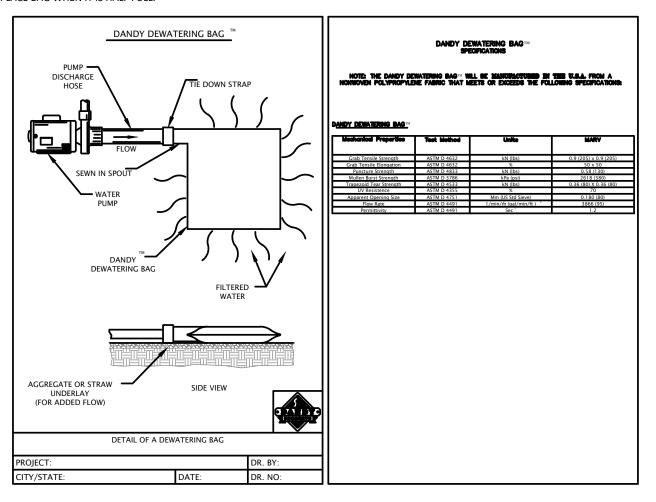
THE BASINS SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL EVENT. REPLACE AND RESTORE ANY BASIN BANK EROSION. REPAIR OR REPLACE ANY DISPLACED RIPRAP. 4. RE-EXCAVATE AND REPLACE THE BASIN WHEN IT BECOMES MORE THAN 50% FULL OF SEDIMENT.

DEWATERING BAGS

"DANDY" DE-WATERING BAG OR "PUMP-IT" DE-WATERING BAG

INSTALL AT LOCATION OF THE DEWATERING PUMP OUTFALL. SIZE THE BAG T THE DISCHARGE RATE. THE MAXIMUM BAG SIZE MAY LIMIT THE DISCHARGE RATE OF THE PUMP. CONNECT BAG TO PUMP OUTFALL PER MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. INSTALL BAG UPSTREAM OF THE RECEIVING STRUCTURE LOCATION. 5. OUTLET TO GRASS AREA IF POSSIBLE

MAINTENANCE: THE BASINS SHOULD BE INSPECTED PRIOR TO EACH USE. REPLACE BAG WHEN IT IS HALF FULL.





FRANCISCAN HEALTH MUNSTER HOSPITAL **ADDITION**

Prepared For FRANCISCAN HEALTH

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No. Description ISSUE FOR SITE REVIEW 2023-09-22

STORMWATER

Original is 48 x 36. Do not scale contents of this drawing 1155 Troutwine Road Sheet Number Crown Point, IN 46307

SCALE: 1" = NTS

P: (219) 662-7710 F: (219) 662-2740 www.dvgteam.com

SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES (continued) **INLET PROTECTION**

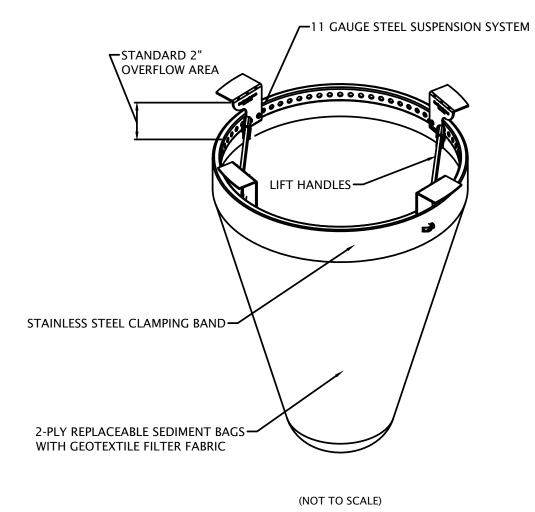
FLEXSTORM CATCH-IT BY ADS, INC. OR APPROVED EQUAL. ADS CAN BE CONTACTED AT (866) 287-8655

SPECIFICATIONS FOR STANDARD BAGS BY NOMINAL SIZE
 Nominal Bag
 Solids Storage
 Filtered Flow Rate at 50% Max (CFS)

 Size
 (CuFt)
 FX (Woven)
 IL (NonWoven)

INSTALLATION: 1. REMOVE GRATE; INSTALL PRIOR TO LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES AND/OR IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRAINAGE STRUCTURES HAVE BEEN . DROP INLET PROTECTION ONTO LOAD BEARING LIP OF CASTING OR CONCRETE STRUCTURE.

3. REPLACE GRATE.



INLET PROTECTION - CURB BASKET

CONTRIBUTING 0.25 ACRE MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA:

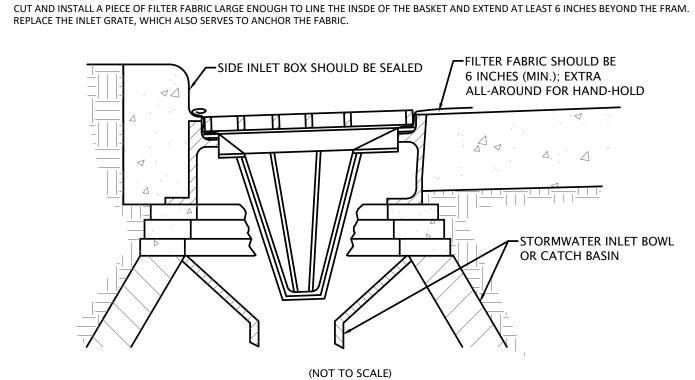
REMOVE THE GRATE AND PLACE THE BASKET IN THE INLET.

LOCATION: AT CURB INLETS WHERE BARRIERS SURROUNDING THEM WOULD BE IMPRACTICAL OR UNSAFE

D2 CATCH-ALL INLET PROTECTOR OR APPROVED EQUAL D2 LAND & WATER RESOURCE (WWW.D2LWR.COM OR 800-597-2180)

RUNOFF FROM A 2-YEAR FREQUENCY, 24-HOUR DURATION STORM EVENT ENTERING A STORM DRAIN WITHOUT BYPASS FLOW FABRICATED METAL WITH TOP WDITH/LENGTH DIMENSIONS SUCH THAT THE BASKET FITS INTO THE INLET WITHOUT GAPS GEOTEXTILE FABRIC: FOR FILTRATION

1. INSTALL BASKET CURB INLET PROTECTIONS AS SOON AS INLET BOXES ARE INSTALLED IN THE NEW DEVELOPMENT OR BEFORE LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES BEGIN IN A STABILIZED AREA. IF NECESSARY, ADAPT BASKET DIMENSIONS TO FIT INLET BOX DIMENSIONS, WHICH VARY ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR MODEL. SEAL THE SIDE INLETS ON THOSE TYPES OF INLET BOXES THAT HAVE THEM.



INSPECT AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. REMOVE BUILT-UP SEDIMENT AND REPAIR (OR REPLACE IF NECESSARY) THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. PERIODICALLY REMOVE SEDIMENT AND TRACKED-ON SOIL FROM THE STREET (BUT NOT BY FLUSHING WITH WATER) TO REDUCE THE SEDIMENT LOAD ON

3. DRAINAGE AREA TOO LARGE RESULTS IN SEDIMENT OVERLAOD AND SEVERE PONDING; SEDIMENT ENTERS THE DRAIN IF FABRIC BREAKS.

1. SEDIMENT NOT REMOVED AND GEOTEXTILE FABRIC NOT REPLACED FOLLWING A STORM EVENT RESULTS IN INCREASED SEDIMENT, TRACKING, TRAFFIC HAZARD, AND EXCESSIVE PONDING. . GEOTEXTILE FABRICE PERMITTIVITY THAT IS TOO LOW RESULTS IN RAPID CLOGGING AND CAUSES SEVERE PONDING WITH SEDIMENT ENTERING THE DRAIN

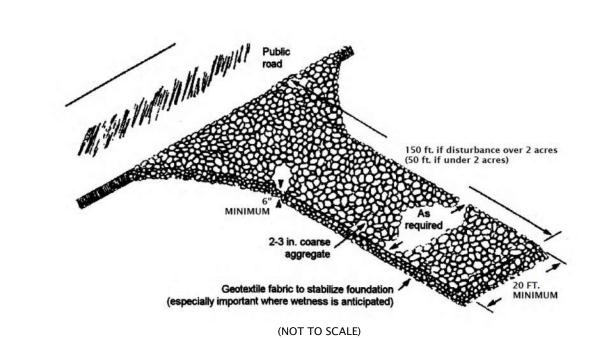
TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT PAD

2 TO 3 INCHES OF WASHED STONE (INDOT #2 AGGREGATE) OVER A STABLE FOUNDATION

20 FEET MINIMUM OR FULL WIDTH OF ENTRANCE/EXIT ROADWAY, WHICHEVER IS GREATER

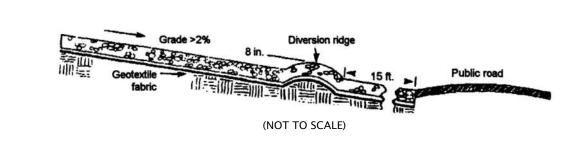
150 FEET MINIMUM (50 FEET MINIMUM IF SITE DISTURBANCE IS UNDER 2.0 ACRES)

WASHING FACILITY: LEVEL AREA WITH 3 INCHES OF WASHED STONE (MINIMUM) OR A COMMERCIAL RACK AND WASTE WATER DIVERTED TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN (PRACTICE 3.72) MAY BE USED UNDER WET CONDITIONS OR FOR SOILS WITHIN A HIGH SEASONAL WATER TABLE TO PROVIDE GREATER



AVOID LOCATING ON STEEP SLOPES OR AT CURVES IN PUBLIC ROADS. REMOVE ALL VEGETATION AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL FROM THE FOUNDATION AREA, AND GRADE AND CROWN FOR POSITIVE DRAINAGE. IF SLOPE TOWARDS THE ROAD EXCEEDS 2%, CONSTRUCT A 6-8 IN. HIGH WATER BAR (RIDGE) WITH 3:1 SIDE SLOPES ACROSS THE FOUNDATION AREA ABOUT 15 FT. FROM THE ENTRANCE TO DIVERT RUNOFF AWAY FROM THE ROAD (PRACTICE 3.24) SEE EXHIBIT.

INSTALL PIPE UNDER THE PAD IF NEEDED TO MAINTAIN PROPER PUBLIC ROAD DRAINAGE. 5. IF WET CONDITIONS ARE ANTICIPATED, PLACE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC ON THE GRADED FOUNDATION TO IMPROVE STABILITY. 6. PLACE STONE TO DIMENSIONS AND GRADE SHOWN IN THE EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, LEAVING THE SURFACE SMOOTH AND SLOPED FOR



INSPECT ENTRANCE PAD AND SEDIMENT DISPOSAL AREA WEEKLY AND AFTER STORM EVENTS OR HEAVY USE. RESHAPE PAD AS NEEDED FOR DRAINAGE AND RUNOFF CONTROL. TOP-DRESS WITH CLEAN STONE AS NEEDED.

IMMEDIATELY REMOVE MUD AND SEDIMENT TRACKED OR WASHED ONTO PUBLIC ROADS BY BRUSHING OR SWEEPING. FLUSHING SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THE WATER IS CONVEYED INTO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN. REPAIR ANY BROKEN ROAD PAVEMENT IMMEDIATELY.

MUD MATS - ENTRANCE STABILIZATION

7. DIVERT ALL SURFACE RUNOFF AND DRAINAGE FROM THE STONE PAD TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN.

MUD MAT BY AGES, RE-USABLE SOIL STABILIZATION SYSTEM OR APPROVED EQUAL Ends are sewn or clipped shu Sewn, clipped or welded to confine reinforcing members 5.0m (typical) Overlap Flap

AVOID LOCATING ON STEEP SLOPES OR AT CURVES IN PUBLIC ROADS. REMOVE ALL VEGETATION AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL FROM THE FOUNDATION AREA, AND GRADE AND CROWN FOR POSITIVE DRAINAGE. INSTALL PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. UNROLL, CONNECT MATS TOGETHER TO FORM AREA OF PROTECTION AND PROPERLY ANCHOR TO DIVERT ALL SURFACE RUNOFF AND DRAINAGE FROM THE MUD MAT TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN.

MINIMUM SIZE OF THE MAT IS 12 FEET WIDE AND 50 FEET LONG.

INSPECT ENTRANCE PAD DAILY AND REMOVE BUILT-UP DEBRIS AS NECESSARY. INSPECT ENTRANCE PAD FOR BREAKS AND TEARS IN THE MATERIAL. REPAIR OR REPLACE AS NECESSARY. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE MUD AND SEDIMENT TRACKED OR WASHED ONTO PUBLIC ROADS BY BRUSHING OR SWEEPING. FLUSHING SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THE WATER IS CONVEYED INTO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN. REPAIR ANY BROKEN ROAD PAVEMENT IMMEDIATELY.

(NOT TO SCALE)

Plan view of Typical map laying flat

MATERIAL MANAGEMENT MEASURES (HOUSEKEEPING) CONCRETE WASHOUT

MINIMUM OF TEN MIL POLYETHYLENE SHEETING, FREE OF HOLES, TEARS, AND OTHER DEFECTS ORANGE SAFETY FENCING OR EQUIVALENT

METAL PINS OR STAPLES SIX INCHES IN LENGTH MINIMUM.

1. LOCATE CONCRETE WASHOUT SYSTEMS AT LEAST 50 FEET FROM ANY CREEKS, WETLANDS, DITCHES, KARST FEATURES, OR STORM DRAINS/MANMADE CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS 2. LOCATE CONCRETE WASHOUT SYSTEMS IN RELATIVELY FLAT AREAS THAT HAVE ESTABLISHED VEGETATIVE COVER AND DO NOT RECEIVE RUNOFF FROM ADJACENT LAND AREAS. 3. LOCATE AWAY FROM OTHER CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC IN AREAS THAT PROVIDE EASY ACCESS FOR CONCRETE TRUCKS.

INSTALLATION: 1. A BASE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND PREPARED THAT IS FREE OF ROCKS AND OTHER DEBRIS THAT MAY CAUSE TEARS OR PUNCTURES IN THE POLYETHYLENE 2. INSTALL THE POLYETHYLENE LINING. FOR EXCAVATED SYSTEMS, THE LINING SHOULD EXTEND OVER THE ENTIRE EXCAVATION. THE LINING FOR BERMED SYSTEMS SHOULD BE INSTALLED OVER THE POOLING AREA WITH ENOUGH MATERIAL TO EXTEND THE LINING OVER THE BERM OR CONTAINMENT SYSTEM. THE LINING SHOULD BE SECURED WITH PINS, STAPLES, OR OTHER FASTENERS. 3. PLACE FLAGS. SAFETY FENCING. OR EQUIVALENT TO PROVIDE A BARRIER TO CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND OTHER TRAFFIC. INSTALL SIGNAGE THAT IDENTIFIES CONCRETE WASHOUT AREAS.

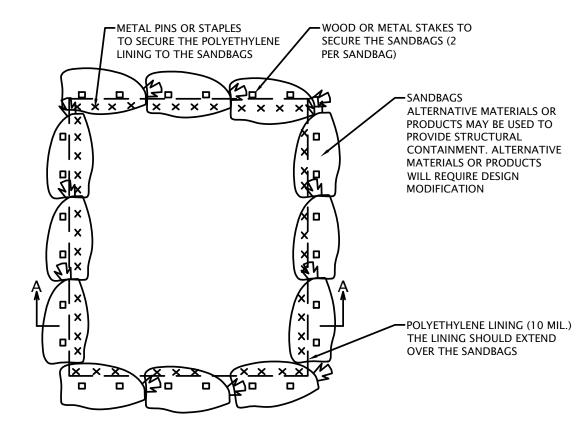
MAINTENANCE: INSPECT DAILY AND AFTER FACH STORM EVENT. INSPECT THE SYSTEM FOR LEAKS, SPILLS, AND TRACKING OF SOIL BY EQUIPMENT.

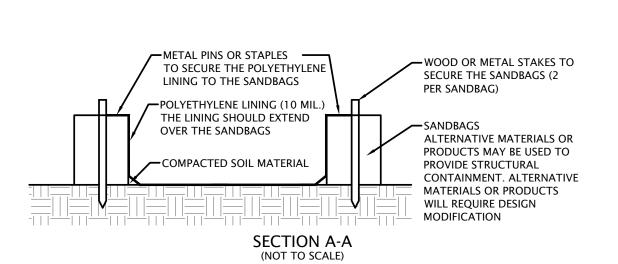
4. WHERE NECESSARY, PROVIDE STABLE INGRESS AND EGRESS OR ALTERNATIVE APPROACH PAD.

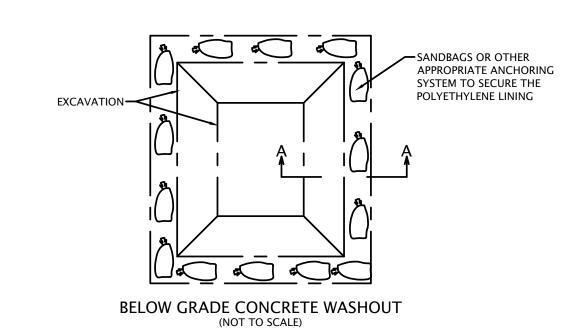
INSPECT THE POLYETHYLENE LINING FOR FAILURE. INCLUDING TEARS AND PUNCTURES. ONCE CONCRETE WASTES HARDEN, REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF THE MATERIAL. EXCESS CONCRETE SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN THE WASHOUT SYSTEM REACHES 50 PERCENT OF THE DESIGN CAPACITY. USE OF THE SYSTEM SHOULD BE DISCONTINUED UNTIL APPROPRIATE MEASURES CAN BE INITIATED TO CLEAN THE STRUCTURE. LIPON REMOVAL OF THE SOLIDS, INSPECT THE STRUCTURE, REPAIR THE STRUCTURE AS NEEDED OR CONSTRUCT A NEW SYSTEM

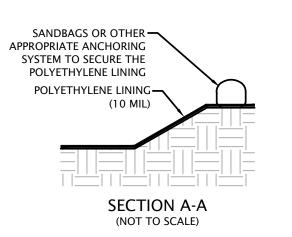
DISPOSE OF ALL CONCRETE IN A LEGAL MANNER. REUSE THE MATERIAL ON SITE, RECYCLE, OR HAUL THE MATERIAL TO AN APPROVED CONSTRUCTION/DEMOLITION LANDFILL SITE. RECYCLING OF MATERIAL IS ENCOURAGED. THE WASTE MATERIAL CAN BE USED FOR MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ROADBEDS AND BUILDING. THE AVAILABILITY FOR RECYCLING SHOULD BE CHECKED LOCALLY. THE PLASTIC LINER SHOULD BE REPLACED AFTER EVERY CLEANING; THE REMOVAL OF MATERIAL WILL USUALLY DAMAGE THE LINING. THE CONCRETE WASHOUT SYSTEM SHOULD BE REPAIRED OR ENLARGED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN CAPACITY FOR CONCRETE WASTE. CONCRETE WASHOUT SYSTEMS ARE DESIGNED TO PROMOTE EVAPORATION. HOWEVER, IF THE LIQUIDS DO NOT EVAPORATE AND THE SYSTEM IS NEAR CAPACITY IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO VACUUM OR REMOVE THE LIQUIDS AND DISPOSE OF THEM IN AN ACCEPTABLE METHOD. DISPOSAL MAY BE ALLOWED AT THE LOCAL SANITARY SEWER AUTHORITY PROVIDED THEIR NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM PERMITS ALLOW FOR ACCEPTANCE OF THIS MATERIAL. ANOTHER OPTION WOULD BE TO UTILIZE A SECONDARY CONTAINMENT SYSTEM OR BASIN FOR FURTHER DEWATERING.

AREAS. IF CONCRETE WASTE IS BEING DISPOSED OF IMPROPERLY, IDENTIFY THE VIOLATORS AND TAKE APPROPRIATE ACTION. 10. WHEN CONCRETE WASHOUT SYSTEMS ARE NO LONGER REQUIRED, THE CONCRETE WASHOUT SYSTEMS SHALL BE CLOSED. DISPOSE OF ALL HARDENED CONCRETE AND OTHER MATERIALS USED TO CONSTRUCT THE SYSTEM. 11. HOLES, DEPRESSIONS, AND OTHER LAND DISTURBANCES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SYSTEM SHOULD BE BACKFILLED, GRADED, AND STABILIZED.









COMMON CONCERNS: . COMPLETE CONSTRUCTION/INSTALLATION OF THE SYSTEM AND HAVE WASHOUT LOCATIONS OPERATIONAL PRIOR TO CONCRETE DELIVERY. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT WASHOUT SYSTEMS BE RESTRICTED TO WASHING CONCRETE FROM MIXER AND PUMP TRUCKS AND NOT USED TO DISPOSE OF EXCESS CONCRETE OR RESIDUAL LOADS DUE TO POTENTIAL TO EXCEED THE DESIGN CAPACITY OF THE WASHOUT SYSTEM. 3. INSTALL SYSTEMS AT STRATEGIC LOCATIONS THAT ARE CONVENIENT AND IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO WORK AREAS AND IN SUFFICIENT NUMBER TO ACCOMMODATE THE DEMAND FOR DISPOSAL. 4. INSTALL SIGNAGE IDENTIFYING THE LOCATION OF CONCRETE WASHOUT SYSTEMS.

FRYEFLOW FILTRATION SYSTEMS WASHOUT

FRYE-FLOW FILTRATION SYSTEMS CONCRETE WASHOUT DEVICE OR APPROVED EQUAL

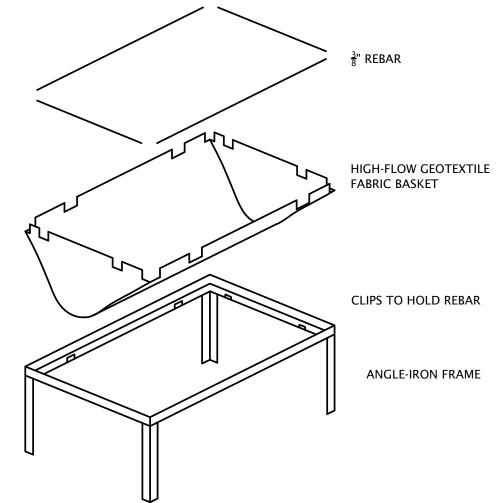
INSTALLATION: INSERT REBAR INTO POCKETS OF DEBRIS BAG. INSTALL FRYEFLOW SYSTEMS DEBRIS BAG INTO ANGLE IRON FRAME.

MAKE SURE REBAR SETS BEHIND REBAR BRACKETS.

MAKE SURE FRAME AND BAG IS SET ON FLAT SURFACE INSTALL SIGNAGE THAT IDENTIFIES CONCRETE WASHOUT AREAS. WHERE NECESSARY, PROVIDE STABLE INGRESS AND EGRESS OR ALTERNATIVE APPROACH PAD.

ONCE DEBRIS BAG IS FULL, USE HANDLES PROVIDED TO LIFT OUT OF FRAME. REMOVE REBAR FROM SIDE POCKETS.

INSERT NEW DEBRIS BAG.



SPILL PREVENTION AND CONTROL PLAN

1. ONLY APPROVED FUEL STORAGE TANK SHALL BE ALLOWED ON SITE. SPILL KITS MUST BE LOCATED ON-SITE IN THE VICINITY OF THE FUEL STORAGE SINK.

MOBILE FUELING SHALL BE USED WHENEVER POSSIBLE.

4. FUELING SHOULD TAKE PLACE IN A CENTRAL LOCATION. 5. EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE KEPT IN GOOD WORKING ORDER, WELL MAINTAINED SO THAT BREAKDOWNS, AND EQUIPMENT FAILURES ARE

FUEL STORAGE

1. ALL FUEL TANKS ON SITE SHALL HAVE SECONDARY CONTAINMENT APPROVED BY IDEM.

NO FUEL TANKS ARE TO BE LOCATED WITHIN 100 FEET OF A STORM SEWER INLET. 3. FUEL STORAGE SYSTEM SHALL BE KEPT IN GOOD WORKING ORDER AND SHALL BE SUBJECT TO PERIODIC IDEM INSPECTIONS.

4. SPILL KITS MUST BE LOCATED ON-SITE IN THE VICINITY OF THE FUEL STORAGE SINK. 5. FUEL TANKS SHALL HAVE A SAFETY GAUGE.

STOCKPILES

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE TOPSOIL STOCKPILES ON-SITE AS NOTED ON THE S.W.P.P.P. AND SHALL ENCOMPASS EACH WITH SEDIMENT DITCH AND SILT FENCE.

IN CASES WHERE THE STOCKPILE IS SMALL AND WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE WITHIN 15 DAYS, THE CONTRACTOR CAN COVER THE STOCKPILE WITH A WATERPROOF TARPAULINE TYPE COVER. 3. NO OFF-SITE STOCKPILES ARE BEING PROPOSED. ANY OFF-SITE STOCKPILES THAT THE CONTRACTOR UTILIZES SHALL FOLLOW THE SAME REQUIREMENTS AS ON-SITE STOCKPILES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IDENTIFY TO THE LOCAL S.W.P.P.P. ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THE

TEMPORARY FACILITIES

CHEMICAL SETTLING FILTERS.

LOCATIONS OF ANY OFF-SITE STOCKPILES.

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES DELINEATED ON THE PLAN IN ORDER TO CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN THE FACILITIES SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS TO CONTROL WATER AND WIND EROSION DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT. ALL DISTURBED SURFACE AREAS (INCLUDING UTILITY TRENCHES) SHALL BE TEMPORARILY GRADED AND/OR DITCHED TO DIRECT WATER RUNOFF FROM SUCH AREAS TO SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DEVICES WHICH WILL PREVENT DISTURBING ERODED WATER CARRYING SOIL FROM ENTERING A WATERCOURSE, SEWER, OR ADJACENT LANDS. SUCH SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO PROTECTIVE DITCHES, SEDIMENT TRAPS, SEDIMENT FILTERS, DITCH TRAPS, PIPE BARRIERS, SIKE DIKES, CHECK DAMS,

3. UPON COMPLETION OF THE ROUGH GRADING ALL AREAS NOT EFFECTED BY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC SHALL BE PERMANENTLY SEEDED, AND EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS INSTALLED ON SIDE SLOPES THAT EXCEED 5:1. UPON COMPLETION OF THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM, INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED, CHECK DAMS INSTALLED IN THE SWALES,

AND TEMPORARY RIPRAP WITH SETTLING BASINS PLACED AT THE OUTFALLS OF ALL PIPE. 5. IN ROADWAY AREAS TEMPORARY AGGREGATE SURFACING SHALL BE PLACED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE BACKFILLING HAS BEEN COMPLETED. POSITIVE DUST CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE TAKEN AT ALL TIMES.

WITHIN 14 DAYS FROM THE DATE A PROJECT IMPROVEMENT IS INSTALLED THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROCEED WITH FINAL CLEANUP AND RESTORATION OF THE PROJECT AREA DISTURBED INCLUDING SPOIL AREAS, AND COMPLETE SUCH OPERATIONS WITHIN THE NEXT 15 DAYS, IF SEASONAL CONDITIONS PREVENT FINAL CLEANING. AND RESTORATION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROCEED WITH TEMPORARY STABILIZATION OF THE DISTURBED AREAS. FINAL CLEANUP AND RESTORATION WILL CONSIST OF FINAL GRADING, APPLYING TOPSOIL, SEEDING AND MULCHING AND/OR SODDING OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS OF THE PROJECT. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL CONSIST OF ROUGH GRADING THE DISTURBED AREAS TO A CONDITION READY TO RECEIVE TOPSOIL, SEEDING, AND MULCHING IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEMPORARY SEEDING SCHEDULE, TEMPORARY STABILIZATION MATERIALS SHALL BE REMOVED, DISPOSED OF, AND FINAL CLEANUP AND RESTORATION SHALL BE COMPLETED NOT LATER THAN 60 DAYS AFTER SEASONAL CONDITIONS ALLOW PERFORMANCE OF THE REQUIRED WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE TOPSOIL STOCKPILES ON-SITE AS NOTED ON THE S.W.P.P.P. AND SHALL ENCOMPASS EACH WITH SEDIMENT DITCH AND SILT FENCE. IN CASES WHERE THE STOCKPILE IS SMALL AND WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE WITHIN 15 DAYS, THE CONTRACTOR CAN COVER THE STOCKPILE WITH A WATERPROOF TARPAULINE TYPE COVER. NO OFF-SITE STOCKPILES ARE BEING PROPOSED. ANY OFF-SITE STOCKPILES THAT THE CONTRACTOR UTILIZES SHALL FOLLOW THE SAME REQUIREMENTS AS ON-SITE STOCKPILES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IDENTIFY TO THE LOCAL S.W.P.P.P. ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TH LOCATIONS OF ANY OFF-SITE STOCKPILES.

MATERIAL HANDLING AND STORAGE

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MINIMIZE THE DISTURBANCE OF EXCAVATED SOILS BY MINIMIZING THE NUMBER OF TIMES THE SOIL IS HANDLED. ON-SITE HANDLING OF SOILS WILL OCCUR DURING EXCAVATION, LOADING, AND SPREADING ACTIVITIES. FUEL FOR HEAVY EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES WILL NOT BE STORED ON THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. MOBILE FUEL TANKS WILL FUEL HEAVY EQUIPMENT. IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL OR LEAK THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FOLLOW PROPER PROCEDURES TO MINIMIZE CONCERN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL:

TAKE IMMEDIATE MEASURES TO CONTROL AND CONTAIN THE SPILL TO PREVENT RELEASE INTO SEWERS OR SURFACE WATERS. NOTIFY THE LOCAL FIRE DEPARTMENT IMMEDIATELY AT 9-1-1. NOTIFY THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY SPILL HOTLINE AT 1-800-424-8802 WITHIN 2 HOURS IF THE AMOUNT IS ABOVE A REPORTABLE

QUANTITY OR ANY AMOUNT ENTERS A WATERWAY OR STORM SEWER. NOTIFY THE INDIANA EMERGENCY RESPONSE HOTLINE AT 1-888-233-7745. FOLLOW THE GUIDELINES FOR HANDLING THE SPILL AS OUTLINED IN THE INCLUDED MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS.



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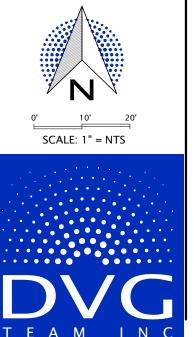
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STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION